Chapter 10

The parentes lament the long absence of their sonne Tobias. 8. Whom when Raguel can not perswade to stay longer, 11. he wisheth much good vnto him, and his wife, admonishing her to be dutiful in al thinges.

ut when Tobias taried long *because of the mariage, Tobias his father was careful, faving: Why thinkeft thou doth my fonne tarie, or why is he held there? ² Is Gabelus dead thinkeft thou, and no man wil reftore him the money? ³ And he began to be forowful exceedingly him felfe, and Anna his wife with him: and a)they began both to weepe together: because their sonne did not return to them the day appointed. 4 His mother therfore wept with difcomfortable teares, and fayd: Woe, woe is me, my fonne, why fent we thee to goe to a ftrange countrie, the light of our eies, the ftaffe of our old age, the comforte of our life, the hope of our posteritie? ⁵ We having al things together in thee onlie, ought not to have let thee goe from vs. ⁶ To whom Tobias faid: Hold thy peace, and be not trubled, our fonne is fafe, that man with whom we fent him is faithful ynough. 7 Howbeit she could by no meanes be comforted, but dayly running out looked about, and went about all waies by which there feemed hope he would returne, that fhe might fee him a far of, if it were poffible, coming. 8 But Raguel fayd to his fonne in law: Tarie here, and I wil fend a meffenger to Tobias thy father, that thou art in health. ⁹ To whom Tobias fayd: I know that my father & my mother do now count

a Such of the Iewes as beleue in Chrift, hartely lament that he tarieth fo log from their nation. Some more affuredly with old Tobias, others more doubtfully with his wife, expect his returne. S. Beda in Tobiam Euen fo the remnant of Catholiques in countries fallen to herefie have great fadnes and continual forovv in their hart (Rom. 9.) vvishing (with what temporal loffe foeuer) the faluation of their brethren, kinfmen, and countriemen: fome hoping more confidently and comforting others, that Chrift wil againe illuminate our whole nation, as fight was reftored to old Tobias.

the dayes, and their fpirite is tormented in them. ¹⁰ And when Raguel defired Tobias in manie wordes, and he by no meanes would heare him, he deliuered Sara vnto him, and the halfe part of al his fubftance in men feruantes, & wemen feruantes, in cattel, in camels, and in kine, and in much money and difmift him fafe and ioyful from him, ¹¹ faying: The holie Angel of our Lord be in your iourney, and bring you through fafe, and that you may finde al thinges wel about your parentes, and myn eies may fee your children before I die. ¹² And the parentes taking their daughter, kiffed her, and let her goe: ¹³ admonifhing her to honour her father and mother inlaw, to loue her hufband, to rule the houfhold, to gouerne the houfe, and to shewe her felfe irreprehenfible.

ANNOTATIONS

1 Taried long because of the Mariage.) Out of this example of a holie Mariage betwen yong Tobias and Sara, described in the flue precedent chapters, some special good lessons may be briefly gathered, for the inftruction & confolation of fuch as are to marie, or be already maried. Not that either al, or onlie the fame observations perteyne now to christian Mariage, but that al Chriftianes may fee, how orderly godlie perfons proceded in making, and performing this holie contract in the old Testament, and therby lerne, that more perfection is required in Christian Matrimonie, being now (as then it was not) a holie Sacrament, fignifying the Vnion betwen Chrift & his Church: peculiar Grace to the parties (if themselves hinder it not) to be are more eafily the incident burdens, and rightly to fulfil the proper duties of man and wife, according to the godlie inftruction of the Roman Catechifme. Al that we fhal here note, may be reduced to two heades, or principal partes. For in this Mariage there were certaine necessarie, and as it were effential pointes, without which it had not benne a lawful nor right contract: Other acceffarie ceremonies, and Rites were also very conuenient, for the more folemnitie and better performance therof. As the like of both fortes are now, but more perfect in Christian Mariages. In the former kind, first of al, the end of Mariage was proposed by the Angel, and defired by the parties, chap. 6. v. 22. c. 8. v. 9. not for pleafure but for children, and posteritie, by vvhich God might be bleffed and ferued: Secondly Mariage muft be betvven lavyful perfonnes. For the feruantes of God could not lawfully match, neither with Infideles, nor with ouer nere kinred, but in

Inftructions to maried perfons out of the example of Tobias and Saras Mariage.

True Mariage alwayes a holie contract.

Now a Sacrament.

Proper inftructions for man and wife.

Three neceffarie pointes in Matrimonie.

Ephef. 5. Mat. 19.

> Exod. 34. Deu. 7. Leuit. 18.

Nu. 36. v. 7.

conuenient degrees, and that ordinarily in the fame Tribe. ch. 6. v. 11. ch. 7. v. 14. as the law of Moyfes prefcribed. Thirdly, the parties muft geue, and expresse their mutual confent, and the good wil of parentes was also requisite. ch. 7. v. 10. 15. 20. These principal pointes premised; for the due solemnization other Rites were also adioyned. First Raguel, the maides father gaue his daughter taking her by the right hand, and so deliuered her into the right hand of Tobias, ch. 7. v. 15. as with vs the father, or nere freind of the woman, geueth her to be maried to such a man. Secondly her father prayed that it might wel succede, ibidem.

Secondly her father prayed that it might wel fuccede, *ibidem*. and fo do al freindes now, especially the Priest by the publique prayers of the Church. The third rite, the *covenantes of Mariage* were made, with affigment of dawrie, also *vvritten*, *ch.* 7. v. 16. & fealed, as the Hebrew and Greke text witnesse. The fourth, Inuitation of freindes to the Mariage. *ch.* 8. v. 2. *ch.* 9. v. 3.

Apud. Munfterum.

Gen. 29. v. 27. Iudic. 14. v. 17.

The fifth. They made a feaft, which commonly dured feuen dayes, but here fourtene ch. 8. v. 23. for the duble iov of the mariage, and expulsion of the diuel. But though the feast continued long, yet was it most moderate and sober, with seare of our Lord they celebrated the feaft of the Mariage. ch. 9. v. 12. Plato a heathen Philosopher, li. 6. de legibus, prescribeth what temperance in meate & drinke, and what modeftie of behauiour, are required in mariage feaftes. VVhofe eccellent fentence, F. Serarius in Tob. 10. reciteth. The fixth rite, the bringing of the bride to her chamber, chap. 7. v. 19. the Catholique Church hath a particular forme of bleffing the bridal chamber. The feuenth, Tobias & Sara observed three dayes continencie after the Mariage, ch. 6. v. 18. ch. 8. v. 4. which now is commended by way of counfel, not of precept. The eight, Tobias observed that which the Angel adulfed him, in burning the liuer of the fifth vpon coales in their chamber. ch. 6. v. 19. ch. 8. v. 2. So deuout perfons commonly observe that which spiritual men exhort them vnto, though it be not a commandment. The ninth, Private prayer of the new maried perfons, ch. 6. v. 18. c. 8. v. 4. The tenth, the fending away of the fpouse to her husbands house, or dwelling place, with good wifhes, due payment of the promifed dawrie, and godlie admonitions by her parentes. ch. 10. v. 10. 11. 12. 13.

Tenne godly Rites observed in the Mariage of Tobias and Sara.

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