Psalme 54

The prophet (as wel in his owne, as other iuft mens person) describeth great calamities suffered, 10. prayeth against the wicked, 13. lamenting especially that those which professe frendshipe, are adversaries, 17. and declareth Gods providence in protecting the good, and destroying the bad.

Gods prouidence towards the good and bad. The 3. kev.

Vnto a)the end, b)in fongs, c)vnderftanding to Dauid.

eare my prayer ô God, defpife not my petition.

3 tend to me; and heare me.

 4 I am made for owful in my $^{\rm d}$)exercife: and am trubled at the voice of the enimie: and at the tribulation of the finner.

Because they have $^{\rm e)}$ wrested iniquities vpon me: & $^{\rm f)}$ in anger they were trublesome to me.

- 5 My hart is trubled in me: and $^{\rm g)} the feare of death is falne vpon me.$
- 6 Feare and trembling are come vpon me: and $^{\rm h)} \rm darkenes$ hath couered me.
- $^7\,\mathrm{And}\;I\;\mathrm{faid};\;^{\mathrm{i})}\mathrm{Who}$ wil geue me wings as of a doue, and I wil fly: and reft?
- ^{8 j)}Loe I haue gone far flying away: and I abode in the wildernes.
 - ⁹ I k)expected him, that l)faued me from m)pufillanimitie

^a A fong as wel for king Dauid himfelfe, as others of al times;

b to fing,

^c and confider Gods prouidence, in fuffering one man to afflict an other in this life.

d This life is a warefare, and a continual combate.

^e Calumniated me,

f and perfecuted me in great furie.

g So inwardly afflicted, as if death were at hand.

^h I haue fcarfe fenfe, or difcourfe of reafon, being almost ouer-whelmed with trubles.

ⁱ Would God I could flie, that in the fimplicitie of a doue, I might fpedely part away from these afflictions.

^j I have fled fo farre as I could from trubles.

^k For the reft I remitted to Gods wil and good pleafure,

of fpirit, and a)tempest.

¹⁰ b)Precipitate ô Lord, and c)diuide their tongues: because I haue sene d)iniquitie, and e)contradiction in the citie.

- ¹¹ Day and night shal iniquitie compaffe it vpon the walles therof; and ^f)labour in the middeft therof, and ^g)iniuftice.
- ¹² And there hath not ceased out of the streetes thereof h)vsurie, and guile.
- $^{13}\,\mathrm{For}$ $^{\mathrm{i})}\mathrm{if}$ myne enimie had fpoken euil to me, I would haue borne it.

And if he that hated me had fpoken great thinges vpon me: I would perhaps have hid myfelfe from him.

- $^{14}\,\mathrm{But}\,^{\mathrm{j})}\mathrm{thou}$ a man of the fame minde: my $^{\mathrm{k})}\mathrm{guide},$ and my familiar.
- 15 Which diddeft $^{1)}$ take fwete meats together with me, in the $^{m)}$ houfe of God we walked with confent.

 $^{16}\,\rm Let$ $^{\rm n)} death$ come vpon them: and let them goe downe quicke into hel.

¹ and he fuffered me not to be ouer throwne,

m though I am weake,

^a and the tentations are great.

^b O God abate the pride of arrogant perfecuters,

^c fuffer them not to agree amongft them felues.

d They are ful of al iniquitie,

^e they have also contentions among themselues, turne the same to our good.

f VVith their continual great iniquitie, they have their trubles,

g but leave not their iniuftice.

h They are ftil vfurers, and deceiptful oppreffors of the poore.

ⁱ It is a greater griefe to fuffer iniuries of those that feme to be freindes.

j A man that was, or femed of the fame mind, faith, and religion,

^k whom I fo trufted, that I would have gone, whitherfoeuer he should have ledde me.

¹ Thou that didft participate the fame holie facraments with me.

^m in the Catholique Church.

ⁿ As Core & his complices: fpoken of iuft zele, not of defire to reuenge: verified in those that finne wittingly and knowing, for they descend, as it were, aliue into hel.

Because there is wickednes in their habitations, in ^{a)}the middes of them.

 $^{17}\,\mathrm{But}$ I haue cried to God, and our Lord wil faue me.

18 In b)the euening, and morning, & at midday, I or pray. wil fpeake, and declare, and he wil heare my voice.

 $^{19}\,\mathrm{He}$ wil redeme my foule in peace from them, that approch to me: because among manie $^{\mathrm{c})}\mathrm{they}$ were with me.

 20 God wil heare, and he $^{\rm d)}$ which is before the worldes wil humble them.

²¹ For there is ^{e)}no change with them, & they feared not God: he hath ftreached forth his hand in repaying.

²² They have contaminated his testament, they are ^{f)}divided by the wrath of his countenance; and ^{g)}his hart hath approched.

His h)wordes are made fofter then oile: and i)the

^a The whole crew of the wicked confpire in iniquitie.

b The prophet alludeth to three more fpecially appointed houres of Diuine feruice, the daylie facrifice at morning, and euening, and other facrifices commonly about midday. VVhich also are the three principal times of Diuine Seruice in the Church of Christ. Mattins, Euensong, and the Sacrifice of Masse. VVhich Eutymius and other Grecians cal Lyturgiam. S. Clement also (li. 7. c. 25. Apost. Instit.) testisieth that the Apostles ordained three set houres of common prayer euerie day.

^c Manie enimies combined together approched vnto me, to ouerthrow me.

^d Eternal God.

^e They wil neuer repent of their wickednes.

f They harden their hartes against his threatned wrath:

g but Gods prouidence illuminateth others to know and teach the truth, when it is impugned, or contemned.

^h Gods wordes, which in them felues are meke and fwete,

are hard to the incredulous, & as dartes that wound them. Chrift faid (Ioan. 6.) Vnles one eate my flesh, & drinke my bloud, he shal not haue life in him, which the Capharnaites not vnderstanding, faid one to an other: This is a hard speach, who can abide it? which S. Augustin here faith was the first heresie against our Sauiours preaching. It was not hard to S. Peter, who in the name of the rest, answered, that Christ had the wordes of eternal life. He yet vnderstood not the secrete of our Lords speach, but he piously beleued that the wordes vvere good, vvhich he vnderstood not.

fame are dartes.

 $^{23 \text{ a})}$ Caft thy care vpon our Lord: and he wil nourish thee: he wil not geue $^{\text{b})}$ fluctuation to the iuft for euer.

 $^{24}\,\mathrm{But}$ thou ô God wilt bring °) them downe into the pitte of deftruction.

Bloudy $^{\rm d}$)and deceitful men shal not liue halfe their daies, but I wil hope in thee $\hat{\rm o}$ Lord.

^a Therfore in al doubtes of doctrin, in al diffreffes of perfecution, and other difficulties vvhich furpaffe thy vveakenes, caft thy care vpon our Lord, and he vvil nourish thee.

^b He vvil not fuffer the iuft to remaine alvvayes in fluctuation, that is, in doubtful, dangerous, and vvauering thoughtes or perplexities, as vvhen a shippe is toffed in the vvaues of the fea, but vvil geue quiet repofe of mind, as in a fure hauen vvithout danger of drovvning.

 $^{^{\}rm c}$ Contrariwife, the wicked and obftinate fhal fal into deftruction.

^d Often or for most part, bloud-fuckers dye before the course of nature requireth, as Saul, Absolon, Achitophel, Achab, Iezabel, and the like.