Psalme 36

An exhortation not to enuie nor imitate the euil, who for most part prosper in this world, and are damned eternally: but to flee euil and doe good, duly considering that God diversly permitteth and punisheth the wicked, and likewise comforteth and afflicteth the iust, al for their good.

An exhortatio to contempt of this world. The 7. key.

A a)Pfalme b)to Dauid him felf.

aue ^{c)}no emulation toward the malignant: neither enuie them that doe iniquitie.

2 cause ^{d)}they shal quickely wither as graffe: and as the blossomes of herbes they shal soone fal.

- ^{3 e)}Hope in our Lord and doe good: and inhabite the land, and thou ^{f)}shalt be fed in the riches therof.
- ⁴ Be delighted in our Lord: and he wil geue thee the petitions of thy hart.
- $^{5~\mathrm{g})}\mathrm{Reuele}$ thy way to our Lord, and hope in him: and he wil doe it.
- ⁶ And he wil ^h)bring forth thy iuftice as light: and thy iudgement as midday: ⁷ be fubiect to our Lord, and pray him.

Haue no emulation in him, that profpereth in his way: in a man that doth iniuftices.

⁸ Ceafe from wrath, and leave furie: have not emulation that thou be malignant.

^a This Pfalme is composed in order of the Alphabet, euerie diffick beginning vvith a diuers letter, to moue the reader to diligent attention, which may ferue in place of a larger comentarie.

^b For Dauid and euery iuft mans inftruction.

^c Neither be thou offended that the wicked do profper in this world, nor imitate them that thou maift also profper.

^d For al this life, and confequently the profperitie therof is shorte, and vncertaine.

^e Put thy truft in God, liuing content in this world:

f & he wil geue thee that is necessarie.

g Commend al thyn affaires to God.

^h Partly making vertue appeare to the comfort of the vertuous, and example of others in this life, but efpecially in the next world.

⁹ Because they that are malignant, shal be cast out: but they that expect our Lord, the same shal inherite a)the land.

¹⁰ And yet a litle while, and the finner shal not be: and thou shalt feeke his place, and shal not find it.

¹¹ But the meeke shal inherite the land, and shal be delighted in multitude of peace.

¹² The finner shal observe the iuft: and shal gnash vpon him with his teeth.

 $^{13}\,\mathrm{But}$ our Lord shal fcorne him: because he foreseeth that his day shal come.

¹⁴ Sinners haue drawen out the fword; they haue bent their bowe;

That they may deceive the poore and needie: that they may murder the right of hart.

¹⁵ Let ^{b)}their owne fwordes enter into their hartes: and let their bowe be broken.

¹⁶ Better is a litle to the iuft, aboue much riches of finners.

¹⁷ Because the arms of finners shal be broken in pieces: but our Lord comfirmeth the iuft.

¹⁸ Our Lord knoweth the daies of the immaculate: and their inheritance shal be for euer.

¹⁹ They shal not be confounded in the euil time, and in the dayes of famine they shal be filled: ²⁰ because the finners shal perish.

But the enemies of our Lord forthwith as they shal be honoured and exalted, vanishing shal vanish as fmoke.

 21 The finner shal borrow, and not pay: but the iuft is merciful and wil geue.

²² Because they that bleffe him shal inherite the land: but they that curse him shal perish.

²³ With our Lord the fteppe of man shal be directed: and he shal like wel of his way.

^a The land of the liuing.

^b By way of imprecation (as in manie other places) the prophet forsheweth that wicked men shal fal into the euils, which they prepare for others.

²⁴ When ^{a)}he shal fal, he shal not be brufed: because our Lord putteth his hand vnder.

²⁵ I haue bene yong, for I am old: and I haue not fene the iuft forfaken, ^{b)}nor his feede feeking bread.

²⁶ Al the day he is merciful and lendeth: and his feede shal be in bleffing.

 $^{27}\,^{\rm c)}{\rm Decline}$ from euil, and doe good: and $^{\rm d)}{\rm inhabite}$ for euer and euer.

²⁸ Becaufe our Lord loueth iudgement, and he wil not forfake his fainctes: they shal be preferued for euer.

The vniuft shal be punished: and the feede of the impious shal perish.

²⁹ But the iuft shal inherite the land: and shal inhabite for euer and euer vpon it.

³⁰ The mouth of the iuft shal meditate wifedom, and his tong shal fpeake iudgement.

The law of his God in his hart: and his fteppes shal not be fupplanted.

Eccle. 2.

Pro. 31.

Ifa. 51.

^a Though the iust fal of frailtie or ignorance into venial finne, yet Gods grace shal stay him that he fal not into mortal. The iust falleth seuen times in the day, & rifeth. *Prov.* 24.

So king Dauid observed: and it very rarely happeneth, that the iuft or their children are deftitute of necessarie fustenance in this If it chance in fome, it is to their greater merite, vvorld. and is manifeftly recompended in fpiritual giftes. In which fende S. Bafil expoundeth, that it is always verified. For God euer rewardeth good workes either temporally, or fpiritually, or both wayes. S. Augustin also (conc. 3. in hunc Pfal.) exemplifieth in Abraham, Ifaac, and Iacob with all his familie, who were forced to goe into other countries by reafon of famine, and by Gods prouidence were there fuftained, Gen. 12. 26. 46. and S. Paul among his other tribulations mentioneth famine and thirft. 2. Cor. 11. v. 27. Seing therfore these so iust persons sought their bread in necessitie, he expoundeth this holie Scripture in the Allegorical fense, that the Church from her beginning in Ierusalem to the end of the world, neuer wanteth the true word of God, true faith and doctrin, which is the fpiritual bread vyhervyith the foule is nourifhed.

^c In thefe tvvo prīciples, declining frõ euil and doing good, true iuftice confifteth,

 $^{^{}m d}$ and he that finally observe th these tvvo pointes, meriteth and shall possesses because in the $^{
m d}$

- 31 The finner confidereth the iuft: and feeketh to $^{a)}$ murder him.
- ³² But our Lord wil not leave him in his handes: neither wil he condemne him, when judgement shal be geuen of him.
- ³³ Expect our Lord, and keepe his way: and he wil exalt thee, that thou mayeft inherite the land: when the finners shal perish thou shalt fee.
- ³⁴ I have feene the impious highly exalted, and aduanced as the cerers of Libanus.
- ³⁵ And I paffed by, and behold he was not: and I fought him, and his place was not found.
- 36 Keepe innocencie, and fee equitie: becaufe there are $^{\rm b)}\!\!$ remaynes for the peaceable man.
- ³⁷ But the vniuft shal perish together: the remaines of the impious shal perish.
- ³⁸ But the faluation of the iuft is ^c)of our Lord: and he is their protectour in the time of tribulation.
- ³⁹ And our Lord wil helpe them, and deliuer them: and he wil take them away from finners, and faue them: because they have hoped in him.

^a To draw him to mortal finne, which is death of the foule.

^D Rewardes.

^c Mans iuftice and wel doing is not of his owne powre but of Gods grace.