## Chapter 28

The Philiftians fighting againft Saul, Dauid promifeth The fidelitie to Achis. 3. Saul deftroyeth magicians, 6. but Philom for the fidelitie to Achis. 7. feeketh a woman that hath a Pithon fpirite, 12. willeth her to raife vp Samuel. 15. Who appearing foretelleth him, that he, and his fonnes shal die the next day.

The fourth part. Of the ruine of Saul, and exaltation of Dauid.

nd it came to paffe that in those daies the Philiftijms gathered together their companies, that they might be prepared to battel againft Ifrael: and Achis fayd to Dauid: Knowing thou now, that thou shalt goe forth with me in the campe, thou, and thy men. <sup>2</sup> And Dauid fayd to Achis: Now thou shalt know what thy feruant wil doe. And Achis fayd to Dauid: And I wil appoint thee keper of my head al daies. <sup>3</sup> And Samuel was dead, and al Ifrael mourned for him, and buried him in Ramatha his citie. And Saul tooke al the magicians and foothfayers out of the land. <sup>4</sup> And the Philiftijms were gathered together, and came and camped in Sunam: and Saul alfo gathered together al Ifrael, and came into Gelboe. <sup>5</sup> And Saul faw the campe of the Philiftijms, and feared, and his hart was afrayd excedingly. <sup>6</sup> And he confulted our Lord, and he anfwered him not, neither by dreames, nor by prieftes, nor by prophetes. <sup>7</sup> And Saul fayd to his feruantes: Seeke me a woman that hath a pithonical fpirite, and I wil goe to her, and wil aske by her. And his feruantes fayd to him: There is a woman that hath a pithonical fpirite in Endor. <sup>8</sup>He therefore changed his habite and was clothed with other garmentes, and he went himfelfe, and two men with him, and they came to the woman in the night, and favd to her: Deuine vnto me in the pythonical fpirite, and raife me vp whom I fhal tel thee. <sup>9</sup> And the woman fayd to him: Loe, thou knoweft what great thinges Saul hath done, and how he hath rayfed the magicians and foothfayers out of the land: why therefore doeft thou lye in waite for my life, that I may be flaine? <sup>10</sup> And Saul fware vnto her in our Lord, faying: Our

iadagh cognouit knevv. Lord liueth, there shal no euil happen vnto thee for this thing. <sup>11</sup> And the woman fayd to him: Whom fhal I rayfe vp to thee? Who fayd: Raife me vp Samuel. <sup>12</sup> And when the woman had feene Samuel, fhe cried out with a loud voice, and fayd to Saul: Why haft thou deceived me? for thou art Saul. <sup>13</sup> And the King fayd to her: Feare not: what faweft thou? And the woman fayd to Saul: I faw <sup>a</sup>)Goddes coming out of the earth. <sup>14</sup> And he fayd to her: What maner of forme hath he? Who fayd: An old man is come vp, and he is clothed with a mantel. And Saul vnderftood that it was Samuel, and he bowed himfelfe vpon his face on the earth, and <sup>b)</sup>adored. <sup>15</sup> And Samuel fayd to Saul: Why haft thou diffuieted me, that I fhould be raifed vp? And Saul favd: I am in great diftreffe: for the Philiftijms fight against me, and God is departed from me, and would not heare me, neither in the hand of prophetes, nor by dreames: therefore I have called thee, that thou fhould ft flow me, what I fhal doe. <sup>16</sup> And Samuel fayd: Why askeft thou, whereas our Lord is departed from thee, and is paffed to thine aduerfarie? <sup>17</sup> For our Lord will doe to thee as he fpake in my hand, and he wil cut thy kingdome out of thy hand, & wil geue it to thy neighbour Dauid: <sup>18</sup> becaufe thou haft not obeyed the voice of our Lord, neither didft thou the wrath of his furie in Amalec. Therefore that which thou fuffereft hath our Lord done to thee this day. <sup>19</sup> And our Lord wil geue Ifrael alfo with thee into the handes of the Philiftijms: and to morow thou and thy fonnes fhal be <sup>c</sup>) with me: yea the campe alfo of Ifrael wil our Lord deliuer into the handes of the Philifthijms. <sup>20</sup> And forthwith Saul fel ftretched forth on the ground, for he feared much the wordes of Samuel, and there was no ftrength in him, becaufe he had not eaten bread al that day. <sup>21</sup> That woman therefore went vnto Saul (for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Not manie but one excelent perfon, an old man comelie in apparel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Saul adored not Samuel with diuine honour, but with dulia, reuerence due to a bleffed foule.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> In ftate of the dead in an other world, not in the fame particular ftate.

he was very much trubled) and fayd to him: Behold thy handmaide hath obeied thy voice, and I haue put my life in my hand: and I heard the wordes, which thou fpakeft to me. <sup>22</sup> Now therefore heare thou alfo the voice of thy handmaide, and I wil fet before thee a morfel of bread, that eating thou mayeft recouer ftrength, and be able to goe on thy iourney. <sup>23</sup> Who refufed, and fayd: I wil not eate. But his feruantes and the woman forced him, and at length hearing their voice, he arofe from the ground, and fate vpon the bed. <sup>24</sup> And that woman had a pafture fed calfe in the houfe, and fhe made haft, and killed him: and taking meale kneded it, and baked azimes, <sup>25</sup> and fette before Saul, and before his feruantes, who when they had eaten rofe vp, and walked al that night.

## ANNOTATIONS

14 Saul vnderftood that it vvas Samuel.) It is not defined nor certaine, whether the foule of Samuel appeared, or an euil fpirit tooke his fhape, and fpake to Saul. S. Augustin *(li. 2.)* q. 3. ad Simplician) propofeth both the opinions as probable. VV here first he sheweth, that Samuels fould might appeare; either brought thither by the euil fpirite, which is not fo much to be merueled at, as that our Lord and Sauiour fuffered him felf to be fette vpon the pinnacle of the temple, and to be caried into a high mountaine by the diuel; yea to be taken prifoner, bound, whipped, and crucified, by the diuels minifters: or els that the fpirite of the holie prophet, was not raifed by force of the inchantment, or anie power of the diuel, but by Gods fecrete ordinance vnknowen to the pythonical woman, and to Saul, and fo appeared in the kings prefence, and ftroke him with divine fentence. Againe he anfwereth, that there may be a more eafie and readie fenfe of this place, to wit, that Samuels fpirite (or foule) was not in deede raifed, but an imaginarie illufion made by the diuels inchantment, which femed to be Samuel, and which the Scripture calleth by the name of Samuel, as pictures or images are commonly called those perfons or thinges which they represent. So when we behold pictures in a table, or on a wal, we fay, this is Cicero, that is Saluft, that Achilles, that is Rome. To this effect S. Auguftin difcourfeth more at large in the place before cited. But in an other worke written after (de cura pro mortuis gerenda. c. 15.) teaching that foules of the dead appeare fometimes to the liuing, he faieth exprefly, Samuel the prophet being dead, foretold future

S. Auguftins opinion whether Samuels foule appeared, or no.

More probable that his verie foule appeared, not compelled by the euil fpirite, but obeying Gods fecrete ordinance. thinges to King Saul yet living. Though fome be of opinion (faieth he) that Samuel himfelf appeared not, but fome euil fpirit tooke his fimilitude.

And this laft iudgement of S. Auguftin is much confirmed; firft by the wordes of this text, literally and plainly affirming that Samuel appeared, and fpake to Saul, and Saul to him, and that Saul vnderftood (or knevy, not only thought, imagined, or fuppofed) that it was Samuel. Secondly, this apparition came fooner, preuent-2. ing the inchantment, and in better order, then the pithonical woman expected, as appeareth by her anfwer, faying the faw God (or an excellent perfon) afcending in comelie maner and attyre: whereas euil fpirites vfed to appeare (as the Rabbins teftifie) in vglie bodies, with the heeles into the aver, and head downward. 3. Thirdly, the Author of Ecclefiafticus (ch. 46.) amongft the prayfes of Samuel the prophet, faieth: he flept, (or died) and certified the King, and shevved to him, the end of his life. VVhere it femeth clere, that the fame perfon that died, denounced Gods wil and fentence to Saul. Moreouer if it had been an illufion of an euil fpirite, it would hardly feme anie praife at al. Fourthly, the diuel 4. could not naturally foretel that Saul and his fonnes, with manie of the people floud be flaine the next day, and Dauid reigne after him: neither is it probable, that God reueiled fuch fecretes to euil fpirites, wherby men might take more occafion to folow nicromancie. Fiftly, moft Fathers and Doctors are of the fame iudgement. 5.

to. 2. pag. 210.

S. Iuftinus Martyr Dialogo cum Triphone. S. Ambrofe li. 2. in Luc. 1. S. Hierom in Ifaiæ. 7. Iofephus li. 6. c. 15. Antiq. and manie other old and late writers. The chiefeft argument for the other opinion is the authoritie of Tertullian li. de animus. Procopius and Eucherius vpon this place and the vncertaine authors Quæftionem apud Iuftinum q. 52. lib. de mirabil. Sac. Scrip. and Quæft. vet. Teftamenti, q. 27. apud Auguftinum. tomo. 3.

et. 4. As for the Proteftantes denying, that foules once parted loco citato. from their bodies, can appeare to anie aliue, S. Auguftin confuteth them, both by this example of Samuel, fuppofing the booke of Ecclefiafticus to be Canonical Scripture, and of Moyfes being dead, and Elias yet liuing (whom they hold alfo to be dead) both appearing with Chrift in his transfiguration. Mat. 17. Soules fometimes appeareth after death.

Firft proofe.