## Chapter 11

The diffinction of cleane and vncleane in beaftes, fish, birdes, and other things. 43. With commandment to be holie, and impolluted.

nd our Lord fpake to Moyfes and a)Aaron, faying: <sup>2</sup> Say to the children of Ifrael: Thefe are the beafts which you ought to eate of al the liuing things of the earth. <sup>3</sup> Euerie one that hath the hoofe divided, and cheweth the cudde among the cattel, you fhal eate. 4 But whatfoeuer in dede cheweth the cudde, and hath an hoofe, but divideth it not, as the camel, and others, that you fhal not eate, and among the •vncleane you fhal repute it. <sup>5</sup> Cherogril which cheweth the cudde, and divideth not the hoofe, is vncleane. <sup>6</sup> The hare also: for that also cheweth the cudde, but divideth not the hoofe. <sup>7</sup> And the fwine: which though it divideth the hoofe, cheweth not the cudde. 8 The flesh of these you fhal not eate, nor touch their carcaffes, because they are vncleane to you. <sup>9</sup> Thefe are the thinges that brede in the waters, and which it is lawful to eate. Al that hath finnes, and fcales, as in the riuers, and the pooles, you fhal eate. <sup>10</sup> But whatfoeuer hath not finnes and fcales, of those that moue and live in the waters, fhal be vnto you abhominable, 11 and execrable, their flesh you shal not eate, and their carcaffes you fhal avoide. 12 Al that have not finnes and fcales in the waters, fhal be polluted. 13 Of birdes thefe are they which you must not eate, and are to be auoided of you: The Eagle, and the griffon, and the ofprey, 14 and the kite, and the vulture according to his kinde, 15 and euerie one of the rauens kinde, according to their fimilitude, 16 the oftrich, and the owle, and the fterne, and the hauke according to his kinde, 17 the fcritchowle, and

The third part. Of things cleane and vncleane, with the maner of purifying: & other precepts moral & iudicial.

Hitherto God reueled his Law to Moyfes onlie, and by him to the people. Now alfo to Aaron after he was cofecrated high Prieft: yet not alwayes, for Moyfes was ftil fuperior. *chap. 12. 14. 16. 17.* &c.

the diuer, and the ftorke, 18 and the fwanne, and the onocratal, and the porphiron, 19 the herodian, and the charactrion according to his kind, the lapwing alfo, and the batte. <sup>20</sup> Of foules euerie one that goeth vpon foure feete, shal be abominable to you. 21 And whatfoeuer walketh vpon foure feete, but hath the legges behind longer, wherwith he hoppeth vpon the earth, 22 that you fhal eate, as is the bruke in his kind, the attake, and the ophiomach, and the locuft, euerie one according to their kinde. <sup>23</sup> But of foule whatfoeuer hath foure feete onlie, shal be execrable to you: 24 and whatfoeuer fhal touch the carcaffes of them, shal be polluted, and shal be vncleane a)vntil euen: 25 and if it be neceffarie that he carie anie of thefe that be dead, he shal wash his clothes, and shal be vncleane vntil funne fette. <sup>26</sup> Euerie beaft that hath a hoofe, but divideth it not, neither cheweth the cudde, shal be vncleane: and whatfoeuer toucheth it, shal be defiled. 27 That which walketh vpon hands of al beafts, which goe on foure feete, shal be vncleane: he that toucheth their carcaffes, shal be polluted vntil euen. <sup>28</sup> And he that carieth fuch carcaffes, shal wash his clothes, and shal be vncleane vntil euen: becaufe al thefe thinges are vncleane to you. <sup>29</sup> Thefe also shal be reputed among polluted thinges, of all that move you the earth, the weefel and the moufe and the crocodile, euerie one according to their kinde, 30 the migale, and the camelean, and the ftellion, and the lizard, and the moule: 31 al thefe are vncleane. He that toucheth their carcaffes, shal be vncleane vntil euen: 32 and that wherupon anie thing of their carcaffes falleth, shal be polluted as well vessel of wood and rayment, as skinnes and haire clothes: and in whatfoeuer veffel anie worke is done, they shal be dipped in water, and shal be polluted vntil euen, and fo afterward shal be cleane. <sup>33</sup> But the earthen veffel, wherinto anie of these falleth within it, shal be polluted, and therfore is to be broken.  $^{34}$  Al meate, which you shal

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> If in dede this vncleanes were a finne, it fhould be clenfed by contritio, and neither neceffarily remaine til night, nor the be taken away without other meanes.

eate, if the water be poured vpon it, shal be vncleane; and all iguor that is dronke of all veffel, shall be vncleane. 35 And vpon whatfoeuer ought of fuch carcaffes falleth, it shal be vncleane: whether ouens, or pottes with feete, they shal be diftroyed, and shal be vncleane. <sup>36</sup> But the fountaines and the cefternes, and al collection of waters shal be cleane. He that toucheth their carcaffe, shal be polluted. <sup>37</sup> If it fal vpon feede corne it shal not pollute it. 38 But if any man poure water vpon the feede, and afterward it be touched with the carcaffes, it shall be forthwith polluted. 39 If a beaft be dead, of which it is lawful for you to eate, he that toucheth the carcaffe therof, shal be vncleane vntil euen: 40 and he that eateth or carieth anie thing therof; shal wash his clothes, and shal be vncleane vntil euen. 41 Al that creepeth vpon the earth, shal be abhominable, neither shal it be taken for meate. 42 Whatfoeuer goeth vpon the breft on foure feete, and hath manie feete, or traileth on the earth, you shal not eate, because it is abhominable. 43 Doe not contaminate your foules, nor touch ought therof, left you be vncleane. 44 For I am the Lord your God: be holie, becaufe I am holie. Pollute not your foules in anie creeping beaft, that moueth vpon the earth. 45 For I am the Lord, that brought you out of the Land of Ægypt, that I might be your God. <sup>46</sup> You shal be holie because I am holie. 47 This is the lawe of beafts and foules, and of euerie liuing foule, that moueth in the waters, and creepeth on the earth, 48 that you may know the differences of the cleane, and the vncleane, and know what you ought to eate, and what to refuse.

## ANNOTATIONS

Gen. 7. et. 8.

1. Tim. 4.

4 Vncleane you shal repute it.) In the first age of the world, before Noes sloud, and so forward by tradition; and after by the written Law, some liuing creatures were reputed vncleane, and forbid to be eaten or offered in facrisce. Not as euel of themselues, for euerie creature of God is good, by nature and creation: but this distinction and prohibition was made in the old Testament, for iust causes, as the ancient fathers note specially three. First, for

Some things counted vncleane in the law of nature & of Moyfes.

Three causes of this observance.

1. For inftruction.

inftruction of the people much inclined to idolatrie, God diffinguifhed al beaftes, birdes, and fishes into cleane and vncleane, wherby all men might know, that none of them is God. For hovy can anie man of reason (faieth lerned Theodoret q. 11. in Leuit.) thinck that to be God, which either he abhorreth as vncleane, or offereth in facrifice to the true God, and eateth therof himfelf? Secondly, God commanded this observance to exercise his people in obedience, with precepts not otherwife necessarie, but because he fo commanded. As at first he commanded Adam not to eate of the tree of knowledge of good and euel. The transgression wherof brought al mankind into miferie. From which againe Chrift by his obedience redemed vs. For observation of this law old Eleazarus, and the feuen bretheren with their mother, did geue their liues, rather then they would eate fwines flesh, and for the same are glorious Martyrs, as testifie S. Cyprian Epist. 56. ad Thibaritanos. & li. de exhort. Mart. c. 11. S. Gregorie Nazianzen, orat. 20. de Machab. S. Chryfoftom de nativitate feptem Machab. S. Ambrofe li. 1. de officijs. c. 4. & li. 2. de Iacob. c. 10. & 11. and

Rom. 5, 2.

Mach. 6. & 7.

the whole Church celebrating their feaft, the first day of August. Thirdly and most specially these observation were commanded for fignification of vertues to be embraced, and of vices or finnes to be auoided. Such beaftes therfore were holden for cleane, and allowed for mans foode, as divide the hoofe, and ruminate, or chew the cudde, fignifying difcretion betwixt good and euel; and diligent confideration, or meditation of Gods law: beaftes which lack those two properties of dividing the hoose, and chewing the cudde, or either of them, were reputed vncleane, fignifying fuch men as care not whether they do wel or euel, or do not ruminate, and meditate good things, which they heare or read, forgetting or neglecting, what is taught them. Likewise the fifthes that have finnes and fcales, which fignifie elevating of the mind, and aufteritie of life, were counted cleane: but those that want either of the fame were vncleane and prohibited. Also certaine birdes were eftemed cleane and allowed to be eaten: others vncleane and forbid. As the Eagle, fignifying pride; the griffon, tyrannie; the ofprey, oppression; the kite, fraud; the vultare, sedition; al kindes of rauens, carnal voluptoufnes; the oftrich, worldlie cares; the owle, flouth, or dulnes in fpiritual things; the fterne, duble dealing; al kindes of haukes, crueltie; the fchritch owle, luxurie; the diuer, gluttonie; the ftorke, enuie; the fwanne, hypocrifie; the onocratal, auarice; the porphiron, felfe wil; the herodian, a bloudie mind; the caladrion, much babling; the lapwing, defolation of mind, or desperation; the batte, earthlie policie; and the like in other birdes, beaftes, and fishes. All agreable to that time, in which (faieth S. Augustin li. 6. c. 7. cont. Fauft.) those things were to be foreshewed, not only in wordes, but also in factes, which fhould be reueled in latter time; and being now reueled by Chrift,

and in Chrift, the burdenous observances are not imposed to the

2. For exercife of obedience.

3. For fignification.

The things holden for cleane fignified vertues.

The vncleane fignified vices.

Chriftians are not bound to the obferuances of the old law, but to that which they fignified. faithful gentiles, to whom yet the authoritie of the prophecie is commended. To the fame effect, li. cont. Adimant, c. 15. & li. 50. homil. ho. 45. S. Hierom. in Matt. 15. Origenes. ho. 7. S. Cyril. li. 7. in Leuit. S. Gregorie. in Cant. 7. Procopius in Leuit. 11. Out of whom and others S. Thomas explicateth at large, that which we have here briefly noted. 1. 2. q. 102. a. 6.