Chapter 7

Noe vvith his familie, and paires of al kindes of beaftes and foules, being entred into the arke, 12. it raineth fourtie daies and fourtie nights. 21. Al men and other liuing creatures on the earth, without the arke, are deftroyed.

nd our Lord faid to him: Get thee in, thou and al thy house into the arke: for I haue fene thee iuft a)in my fight in this generation. ² Of al beafts that are ^{b)}cleane, thou fhalt take feauen, and feauen, male & female: 3 but of the beafts that are vncleane two and two, male & female. Yea and of the foules also of the avre feauen & feauen, male and female: that feede may be faued vpon the face of the whole earth. 4 For yet a while, and after feauen dayes, I wil rayne vpon the earth fourtie dayes and fourtie nights: and I wil cleane deftroy al fubftance, that I have made, from the face of the earth. ⁵ Noe therfore did al thinges. which our Lord had commanded him. 6 And he was fix hundred yeares old, when the waters of the floud flowed ouer the earth. 7 And Noe entred and his fonnes, his wife and the wives of his fonnes with him into the arke, because of the waters of the floud. 8 Of beafts also the cleane and the vncleane, & of foules, and of al that moueth vpon the earth, 9 two & two went to Noe into the arke, male and female, as our Lord had commanded Noe. ¹⁰ And after the feauen dayes were paffed, the waters of the floud flowed ouer the earth. 11 In the fix hundred yeare of the life of Noe, in the fecond moneth, in the feauententh day of the moneth, all the fountaines of the

Mat. 24. Luc. 17.

^a Noe was iuft not only by the eftimation of men, but in deede and before God.

^b Observation of cleane and vncleane beaftes by tradition, before the law of Moyfes.

a) greate deapth were broken vp, and b) the floud gates of heaven were opened: 12 and the raine fel vpon the earth fourtie dayes and fourtie nights. 13 In the verie point of that day entred Noe, and Sem, and Cham, & Iapheth his fonnes: and his wife, and the three wives of his fonnes with them into the arke: 14 they and euerie beaft according to their kind, and al cattle in their kinde, and all that moueth vpon the earth according to their kind, and all foule according to their kind, all birds, and all that fly 15 went to Noe into the arke, two and two of al flesh, wherin there was breath of life. 16 And such as entred in, male and female of al flesh did enter in, as God had commanded him: and our Lord • fhut him in on the out fide. ¹⁷ And the floud grew fourtie daies vpon the earth: and the waters increased, and lifted vp the arke on high from the earth. 18 For they ouerflowed excedingly: and filled alon the face of the earth: moreouer the arke fleeted vpon the waters. 19 And the waters preuailed out of measure vpon the earth: and al the hiegh mountaines vnder the whole heauen were couered. ²⁰ Fiftene cubites higher was the water aboue the mountaines, which it couered. 21 And al flesh was confumed that moued vpon the earth, of foule, of cattle, of beafts, and of al creepers, that creepe vpon the earth: al men, ²² and al things, wherin there is breath of life on the earth, died. 23 And he cleane deftroied al fubstance, that was vpon the earth, from man euen to beaft, as wel it that creepeth, as the foules of the ayre: and they were deftroised from of the earth: but onlie Noe remained, and they that were with him in the arke.

Sap. 10. Ecl. 39.

1. Pet. 3. 24 And the waters held on aboue the earth an hundred fiftie dayes.

The end of the first age.

^a The Hebrew word *Thehom* fignifieth a gulfe of water, from whence new fountaynes fprang, more abundantly the euer fince or before.

b Arubbah fignifieth great pipes or windowes, by which water fell downe in great abūdance from the ayre, here called heauen. S. Hier. queft. Heb. S. Epiph. ad Io. Hierofolom. S. Chr. ho. 25. in Gen.

Annotations

hiftorie of the general floud;

16 Shut him in.) God who by his only wil could in a moment have drowned at the reft of the world, fauing whom he pleafed, not needing in any thing the helpe of his creatures, yet would vfe both natural, & fupernatural meanes, as the labour of Noe to build the arke, new fountaines fpringing, and the heavens powring downe water fourtie dayes togeather, afterwards the winde to dry vp the earth, and because the dore being great (for Elephants to enter in) and was to be firmed without (as S. Ambrofe noteth) for better induring the forcible waters, could not commodioufly be closed by Noe, our Lord (by the ministrie of Angels) shut him in on the out fide, to teach vs by all this, and the like disposition of things, that albeit his Diuine omnipotencie can do what he wil al alone, yet he wil have his creatures to concurre and cooperate as fecundarie causes, sometimes naturally, sometimes supernaturally, or miraculously, as it pleafeth his goodnes to impert to them powre and vertue.

23 But only Noe.) As there is not anie thing in all the old Teftament, from the creation of the world til the coming of Chrift, more notable, more admirable, or of greater importance, then this

or most chanced to them in figure) that euer more aptly, more

liuely, or more exactly prefigured Chrift and his Church, with the

reft of al mankind, then did Noe and the arke, & the drowning

of the reft of the world in that deluge. VVhich S. Augustin de-

clareth in many places, but most especially and of purpose in his

twelfth booke against Faustus the Manichee, from the 14. chapter

to the 22. and in his fifteenth booke of the citie of God, in the

two last chapters: where he sheweth at large both the certaintie

of the hiftorie, and that as certainly it was a figure of things in the new Testament, and withal the great congruitie betwen the figure & the things figured. The same did Origen explicate

fo was there nothing (though al,

God vfeth both natural and fupernatural meanes, as fecundarie caufes, in producing, conferuing, gouerning, punifhing, & in rewarding his creatures.

1. Cor. 10.

li. de Noe &

arca. c. 15.

Ep. 99. li. 5. de Baptif. c. 28. de vnitate Ecclef. ca. 5. in Pfal. 103. & 131.

Ser. 69. de tepore.

thinges in the old Teftament be in figure of the new, & no figure more exact then the

floud of Noe.

Al or moft

(homil. 2. in Gen.) S. Gregorie (homil. 12. in Ezech.) Rupertus (li. 4. comment. in Gen. c. 71. & fequent.) and divers other 1. Pet. 3. ancient Doctors, confirming their expositions by S. Peters testi-

How the Doctors applie the figure to the things figured.

Mat. 24. Luc. 17.

vvere faued (from drowning) by vvater, vvherunto Baptisme being of the like forme novv faueth you also. And by our Sauiours wordes saying: As in the dayes of Noe, so shal also the comming of the Sonne of man be. In summe the Doctors teach, that Noe signifying rest was a sigure of Christ, the very rest of mans soule. VVhom who soeuer soloweth shal sind rest for their soules. The arke signifies the Church, the forme therof being six times so long as broad, and tenne times so long as hiegh, resembleth the proportion of mans bodie, lying prone or prostrate. The dore in the side represented the wound in Christs side, from whence slowed

the holie Sacraments, by which the faithful enter into the Church,

monie, faving: In the arke a fevy, that is eight foules (or perfons)

Noe fignifed Chrift.

The arke the Church.

Entrance into the Church by Baptifme. li. 22. de Baptif. c. 14. and are fanctified. The timber wherof the arke is made, & the water bearing it vp, fignified the Croffe of Chrift and Baptisme.

For as Noe (faith S. Augustin) vvith his, vvas deliuered by the vvater and the vvode, so the familie of Christ, by Baptisme signed vvith Christs Passion on the Crosse. Likewise the squarnes of the timber which both suffayned the burden of al contayned in the arke, and resisted the boystrous waues of the floud beating without, did signifie such men in the Church, as be constant & stand firmly in al fortes of tentations: especially godlie & lerned Doctors and Pastors, who by worde and example vphold and consince al Heretikes, and other Insidels that oppugne the Church without.

Againe the hiegher & lower rownes with the midle chambers & third loftes, & other diffinctions of cabinets, and partitions, and al fortes of liuing creatures cleane and vncleane, received therin, did fignifie the varieties of al ftates & functions, and diuerfitie of manners and merites in the Church, in which are perfons of al degrees, Clergie and Laitie, Potentates, Princes, fubiects, good and euil. The most strong kind of glew called bitumen, fignified the permanent or euerlafting ftabilitie, and vnfeparable conexion of the Church, by the grace and continual affiftance of the Holie Ghoft conferuing the fame. The confummation of the arke in one cubite fignified the vnitie of the fame Church, which is one in al times, and places. Neither would God almightie haue manie arkes, for Noe and his fonnes or other creatures, nor manie chiefe rulers (though he would that of them fhould come manie Nations) but one only arke, and one chiefe gouernour therof, and that al without the fame flould corporally dye, to fignifie that all which dye without the Church do perish, and are eternally damned. Wherupon S. Hierom, amongst other Fathers, sheweth that al within the Church, that communicate with the Sea Apoftolique (wherin S. Damafus fate then gouernour) are as those in the arke of Noe, and al Schifmatikes, Heretikes and other Infidels are in like cafe, with the reft of the world, that were drowned with the floud.

Vertue of Sacraments cometh from Chrifts Paffion.
Doctors and Paftores in the Church.

Varietie of ftates and orders in the Church.

Good and euil in the Church. Perpetuitie of the Church.

Vnitie of the Church.

One chiefe gouernour in the Church. No faluation out of the Church.

Epift. 57. ad Damafum.