## Chapter 2

A child of the Hebrewes, and Tribe of Leui, being exposed to the water, 5. is taken from thence by Pharaos daughter, 8. who committeth him to be nurfed, vnwitting to his owne mother, adopteth him and calleth him Moyses. 11. He afterwardes visiting his brethren, killeth an Ægyptian; 15. flieth into Madian; 21. marrieth a wife, and hath two sonnes.

a kind of glevv, fo called.

fter thefe thinges there came forth a man of the house of Leui: and he tooke a wife of his owne ftocke. <sup>2</sup> Who conceaued, and bare a fonne: and feing him a goodlie one, hid him three monethes. <sup>3</sup> And • when now fhe could not conceale him, fhe tooke a basket made of bulrufhes, and dawbed it with bitume and pitch: and put with in it the litle infant, and laid him in a fedgie place by the rivers brinke, 4 his fifter ftanding a farre of, and confidering the euent of the thing. <sup>5</sup> And behold the daughter of Pharao came downe to be washed in the riuer: and her maides walked by the rivers brinke. Who when she faw the basket in the fedges, she fent one of her handmaides: and when it was brought 6 opening it, and feeing within it an infant crying, having pitty on it, faid: This is one of the infantes of the Hebrewes. <sup>7</sup> To whom the childes fifter faid: Wilt thou that I goe, & cal to thee an Hebrew woman, that may nurfe the litle infant? 8 She answered: Goe. The maid went and called her mother. <sup>9</sup> To whom Pharaos daughter fpeaking: Take, quoth fhe, this child, and nurfe him for me: I wil geue thee thy hyre. The woman tooke, and nurfed the child: and when he was growen, deliuered him to Pharaos daughter. <sup>10</sup> Whom fhe adopted into the place of a fonne, and called him a) Moyfes, faying: Because from the water I did take him. 11 In those dayes after that Moyfes was growen, he went forth to his brethren: and he faw their affliction, and a man that was

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Mos, in the Ægyptian tongue fignifieth vvater, and Ifes, faued. Iofeph. li. 2. Antiq. & Clemens. Alexan. li. 1. Stromat.

an Ægyptian ftriking one of the Hebrewes his brethren. 12 And when he had looked about hither & thither, and faw no man prefent, he ftroke the Ægyptian, and hid him in the fand. <sup>13</sup> And going forth an other day, he faw two Hebrewes brawling: and he faid to him that did the wrong: Why ftrikeft thou thy neighbour? 14 Who answered: a) Who hath appointed thee prince & judge ouer vs? Wilt thou kil me, as yefterday thou dideft the Ægyptian? Moyfes b) feared, and faid: How is this thing come abroad? <sup>15</sup> And Pharao heard of this talke, and fought to kil Moyfes: who fleeing from his fight, abode in the Land of Madian, and fate befide a wel. <sup>16</sup> And the prieft of Madian had feuen daughters, which were come to draw water: and when the troughes were filled, they defired to water their fathers flockes. 17 The fhepeheardes came vpon them, and droue them away: and Moyfes arofe, and defending the maides, watered their fheepe. 18 Who being returned to Raguel their father, he faid to them: Why are you come fooner then you were wont? 19 They answered: A certain man an Ægyptian deliuered vs from the hand of the shepheardes: moreouer also he drew water with vs, and gaue the sheepe to drinke. <sup>20</sup> But he faid: Where is he? Why haue you let the man goe? cal him that he may eate bread. 21 Therfore Moyfes fware that he would dwel with him. And he tooke Sephora his daughter to wife: 22 who bare him a fonne, whom he called Gerfam, faying: I have bene a ftranger in a forren countrey. And she bare him an other, whom he called Eliezer, faying: for the God of my father my helper hath deliuered me out of the hand of Pharao. 23 But after much time the king of Ægypt died: and the children of Ifrael groning, cried out becaufe of the workes: and c)their crie afcended vnto God

a The guiltie perfô reiected Moyfes for lack of knowê authoritie, but God côfirmed his cômiffion. Act. 7. So the Iewes reiected Chrift, Iudge of the world.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> He feared to tempt God by ftaying, but not the fiercenes of the king. Heb. 11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Oppression of innocents crieth to heaven for reuenge.

from the workes. <sup>24</sup> And he heard their groning, & remembred the couenant which he made with Abraham, Ifaac, and Iacob. <sup>25</sup> And our Lord looked vpon the children of Ifrael and knew them.

## Annotations

3 VVhen she could not conceal him.) Thefe godlie and prudent parents, confidering that when the Ægyptians fhould perceiue fuch an infant to be borne, and not drowned according to the Kings Edict, they would deftroy both the child, and whole familie: to auoid the greater danger, chofe the leffe. To bring him to the water fide, not omitting their owne induftrie, as wel by clofing him in a basket, that would draw no water, as by fetting his fifter to watch what became of him: that if better fucceffe happened not the firft day, the mother might at euening geue him fuck, and minifter other neceffaries; and fo expect an other day, or manie dayes Gods prouidence, til his diuine pleafure fhould more appeare.

Moyfes parets did prudently expose him to some danger, to auoide greater.

li. 2. Antiq.

Iofephus writeth that Amran Moyfes father, being folicitous, when his wife was great, how to faue the infant, if it were a man child, God reueled to him, that fhe had conceiued a fonne, who fhould not only be faued from Pharaos furie, but also be the deliuerer of the whole Hebrew nation from thraldome, and feruitude of the Ægyptians. VVherupon they affuredly trusted that God would protect and prosper him, yet so, if they did their owne endeuour, which S. Augustin teacheth to be alwayes necessarie.

Reuelations and Gods determinations do not exclude but include mans endeuour.

li. 16. c. 19. de ciuit.

Act. 7.

12 He ftroke the Ægyptian.) Moyfes not of carnal loue towards his brethren, nor of private paffion, but by divine infpiration killed the Ægyptian, as S. Augustin proveth (li. qq. in Exod. q. 2.) by the testimonie of S. Steuen saying: Moyfes thought his brethren had vnderstood, that God by his hand, vvould save them. VVherby appeareth that Moyfes himselfe knew it was Gods pleasure, he should kil that Ægyptian invading an Hebrew. Yet others may not imitate such particular examples. Catech. Rom. p. 3. c. 6. q. 5.

Though Moyfes iuftly killed the Ægyptian, yet others may not imitate his example.