THE ARGVMENT OF THE SECOND EPISTLE TO THE CORINTHIANS.

For the time when this Epiftle was written, looke the Argument of the epiftle to the Romanes: to wit, about the eighteenth yeare after his conversion, & our Lordes passion, because in the 11. chapter he maketh mention of 14. yeares, not only after his conversion, as to the Galatians, but also after his rapt, which seemeth to have been when he was at Hierusalem Act. 9, 26. four yeares after his conversion (Gal. 1, 18.) in a trance or excesse of mind, as he calleth it, Act. 22, 17. It was written at Troas (it is thought) and sent by Titus, as we read chap. 8.

It is for the moft part againft those false Apostles whom in the first part of the first to the Corinthians, he noted, or rather spared, but now is constrained to deale openly against them, & to defend both his owne person which they sought to bring into contempt, making way thereby to the correption of the Corinthians, and withal to mainteine the excellencie of the Ministerie and Ministers of the new Testament, above which they did magnifie the Ministerie of the old Testament: bearing themselves very high because they were Iewes.

Againft these therfore S. Paul auoucheth the preeminent power of his Ministerie, by which power also he giueth a pardon to the incestuous fornicatour whom he excommunicated in the last epistle, seeing now his penance, and againe threatneth to come & excommunicate those that had grieuously sinned and remained impenitent. Two chapters also he interposeth of the contributions to the Church of Hierusalem, mentioned in his last, exhorting them to doe liberally, and also to have al in a readines against his comming.

2. Cor. 11, 1.

Gal. 2, 1.