## Chapter 04

That they arme themfelues, to finne no more after Baptisme, against the tentations of the Heathen, considering that the general end now approcheth: 8. specially toward their euen-Christians to shew their charitie, hospitalitie, and grace, doing al to the glorie of God. 12. And as for being perfecuted because they are Christians, to reioyce, considering the reward that they shal have with Christ, and damnation that they avoid hereby.

hrift therfore having fuffered in the flesh, be you also armed with the same cogitation. Because he that hath suffered in the flesh, hath ceased from finnes: 2 that now not after the defires of men, but according to the wil of God he liue the reft of his time in the flesh. <sup>3</sup> For the time past sufficeth (to accomplish the wil of the Gentils) them that have walked in riotoufnes, defires, exceffe of wine, banketings, potations, and vnlawful feruices of Idols. 4 Wherein they maruel blafpheming, you not concurring into the fame confusion of riotousnes. 5 Who shal render account to him, which is ready to judge the liuing and the dead. <sup>6</sup> For, for this caufe also was <sup>a</sup>)it euangelized to the dead: that they may be judged indeed according to men, in the flesh: but may liue according to God in the Spirit. 7 And the end of al 'fhal approch.'

is at hand.

Pro. 10. Ro. 12. Heb. 13. Ro. 12, 6. Be wife therfore, and watch in praiers. <sup>8</sup> But before al things, having mutual charitie continual among your felues: because \*charitie covereth the multitude of finnes. <sup>9</sup> Vfing hospitalitie one toward another without murmuring. <sup>10</sup> Every one as he hath received grace, ministring the same one toward another: as good dispensers of the manifold grace of God. <sup>11</sup> If any man speake, as the words of God. If any man minister, as of the power, which God administreth. That in al things God may be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> It hath the fame difficulty and fenfe that the other like words have before, *chap. 3.* See the *annotation there v. 19.* and *S. Aug. ep. 69.* & *Oecumenius vpon this place.* 

honoured by Iesus Chrift: to whom is glorie & empire for euer and euer. Amen.

<sup>12</sup> My deareft, thinke it not ftrange in the feruour which is to you for a tentation, as though fome new thing hapned to you: 13 But communicating with the paffions of Chrift, be glad, that in the reuelation also of his glorie you may be glad reioycing. 14 If you be reuiled in the name of Chrift, you fhal be bleffed: because that which is of the honour, glorie, and vertue of God, and the Spirit which is his, fhal reft vpon you. <sup>15</sup> But let none of you fuffer as a murderer, or a theefe, or a railer, or a coueter of other mens things. <sup>16</sup> But if as a Chriftian, let him not be ashamed, but let him glorifie God in this name. 17 For the time is \*that judgement begin of the house of God. And if first of vs, what shal be the end of them that believe not the Ghospel of God? 18 And •if the iuft man fhal fcarce be faued, where fhal the impious & finner appeare? 19 Therfore they also that fuffer according to the wil of God, let them commend their foules to the faithful Creatour, in good deeds.

## ANNOTATIONS

Mt. 5, 13.

Hier. 25, 19.

Pro. 11, 31.

8 Charitie couereth.) Faith only cannot iuftifie, feeing that charitie also doth cause remission of finnes. And saying charitie, he meaneth loue and charitable workes toward our neighbours, vnto which workes of mercie the Scriptures doe specially attribute the force to extinguish al finnes. See S. Augustin c. 69. Enchiridij and tract. 1. in ep. 1. Io. c. 1. & Venerable Bede vpon this place. And in the like fenfe the holy Scriptures commonly commend vnto vs almes and deeds of mercie for redemption of our finnes. Prouerb. c. 10. Ecclefiaftici 12. v. 2. Danielis c. 4. v. 24.

17 That iudgement begin.) In this time of the new Testament, The better me the faithful and al those that meane to live godly (specially of the Clergie) muft first and principally be subject to God's chastifement and temporal afflictions, which are here called judgement. Which the Apostle recordeth for the comfort and confirmation of the Catholike Christians, who were at the time of the writing hereof, exceedingly perfected by the heather Princes and people.

18 If the iuft.) Not that a man dying iuft & in the fauour of God, can afterward be in doubt of his faluation, or may be rejected of God: but that the iuft being both in this life fubiect to affaults,

Not only faith. Workes of mercie.

most afflicted in this life.

The iuft man himfelf is hardly faued.

tentations, troubles, and dangers of falling from God and loofing their ftate of iuftice & alfo oftentimes to make a ftrait count, and to be temporally chaftifed in the next life, cannot be faued without great watch, feare, and trembling, and much labouring and chaftifement. And this is farre contrarie to the Protestants doctrine, that putteth no iuftice but in faith alone, maketh none iust indeed and in truth, teacheth men be so fecure and affured of their faluatio, that he that hath lived wickedly al his life, if he only have their faith at his death, that is, if he beleeue stedsaftly that he is one of the elect, he shal be as sure of his faluation immediately after his departure, as the best liver in the world.

Againft the vaine fecuritie of only faith.