Chapter 01

Good cause there is to believe the Apostles preaching. 5. And this is one point of their preaching, that to have participation with God, we must not only believe, but also abstaine from al mortal sinne, 8. though we al sinne venially.

hat which was from the beginning, which we haue heard, which we haue feen with our eyes, which we have looked vpon, and our hands haue handled, of the Word of life: (2 and the life was manifested: and we have seen, and doe testifie, and declare vnto you the life eternal which was with the Father, and hath appeared to vs) 3 that which we have feen and haue heard, we declare vnto you, that you also may haue focietie with vs. and our focietie may be with the Father and with his Sonne Iesus Chrift. 4 And thefe things we write to you, that you may rejoyce, and your iov may be ful.

Io. 8, 11.

Heb. 9. 1. Pet. 1. Apo. 1.

3. Reg. 8, 46.

2. Par. 6, 36.

⁵ And this is the annuntiation which we have heard of him, and declare vnto you, That God is light, and in him there is no darkeneffe: ⁶ If we fhal fay that we have focietie with him, and walke in darkeneffe, we lie, and doe not the truth. ⁷ But if we walke in the light, as he also is in the light: we have societie one toward another, and the bloud of Iesus Chrift his Sonne cleanfeth vs •from al finne. 8 If we fhal fay •that we have no finne, we feduce our felues, and the truth is not in vs. 9 If we confesse our finnes, he is faithful & iust, for to forgiue vs our finnes, and to cleanfe vs from al iniquitie. ¹⁰ If we fhal fay that we have not finned, we make him a lier, and his word is not in vs.

Annotations

3 You may have focietie.) S. Iohn sheweth manifeftly, that whofoeuer defire to be partakers with God, must first be vnited to the Churches focietie, learne that faith, and receive those Sacraments, which the Difciples received of the Truth it-felf, conversant

No faluation but in the Societie of the Church.

with them in flesh. So faith Venerable Bede *vpon this place*. Whereby we fee there is no Societie with God in Sectes or fchifmes, nor any-where but in the vnitie, fellowship, & communion of that Church which can proue it-felf to defcend from the Apoftles.

7 The bloud of Iefus.) Whether finnes be remitted by praiers, by fafting, by almes, by faith, by charitie, by Sacrifice, by Sacraments, & by the Priefts, (as the holy Scriptures doe plainely attribute remifsion to euery of thefe) yet none of al thefe doe otherwife remit, but in the force, by the merit & vertue of Chrifts bloud: thefe being but the appointed meanes & inftruments by which Chrift wil haue his holy bloud to worke effectually in vs. Which meanes whofoeuer contemneth, depriueth himfelf of the commoditie of Chrift's owne bloud & continueth ftil in finne and vncleaneffe, vaunt he himfelf neuer fo much of Chrift's death. Which point let the Proteftats marke wel, and ceafe to beguile their poore deceived followers, perfuading them, that the Catholikes derogate from Chrift's bloud, or feeke remifsion otherwife then by it, for that they vfe humbly the meanes appointed by Chrift to apply the benefit of his holy bloud vnto them.

7 From al finne.) From original and actual, venial and mortal, a culpa & pœna, that is from the fault and the paine due for the fame. V. Bede faith, that Chrift's Passion doth not only remit in Baptisme the sinnes before committed, but al other afterward also done by frailtie: yet so, if we vie for the remission of them, such meanes as be requisit and as Christ hath appointed, whereof he reckneth some. Bede vpon this place. See S. Augustin also vpon this place to. 9. and S. Hierome li. 2. con. Pelag. c. 3.

8 That we have no finne.) We gather by these wordes and the former, that there be two fortes of finnes: one mortal, excluding vs from light & the focietie of God: another venial, which is found even in those that walke in the light, and are in the focietie of God. Also we note against the Pelagians, that we be truely called the fonnes of God, and fo iuft indeed, though we be not without al finnes, every one of vs, as wel iuft as vniuft, being taught and bound to confesse our offenses, and to aske pardon daily of God, by this petition of the Pater nofter, Forgiue vs our debts. Therfore S. Augustin li. de natura & grat. c. 36. reckneth vp at the holy Patriarches, Prophets, and renowmed iuft perfons, to have been finners, even when they were in grace, and iuftice: excepting alwaies our B. Ladie, de qua propter honorem Domini, nullam prorfus, cum de peccati agitur, habere volo quæftionem; of whom, faith he, for the honour of our Lord, when we talke of finnes, I wil haue no queftion. And Pelagius asking what finnes Abel and fuch iuft men did commit, S. Augustin answereth, that they might laugh fometime immoderately, or ieft too much, or couet fome-what intemperately, or plucke fruit ouer greedily, or in eating take fome-what more then afterward was well digefted, or have their intention in time of praier fome what diffracted,

Many meanes & inftruments of remitting finne, but al by the force & merits of Chrift's bloud applied by them.

Al remission of finnes is by the Passion of Christ though by secundarie meanes also.

Some finnes venial.

A man may be truely iuft, notwithftanding venial finnes.

S. Augustin excepteth our B. Ladie from finnes.

Examples of venial finnes.

c. 38.

de dono perfeuerantis c. 2.

and fuch like. Thus in fenfe S. Augustin. Whereby we may learne which be venial finnes, that could firm this life. In the booke alwaies be auoided euen of holy men in this life. In the booke de fide ad Petram c. 41. are excepted from this common rule of finners, the children which be newely baptized and have not yet vie of reason to finne either mortally or venially.