Chapter 2

That his owne preaching among them, was in humble manner in the fight of man. 5. Howbeit it is most profound wifedom (as they should and would perceive, if they were not carnal) which is taught in the Church of Chrift.

nd I (Brethren) when I came to you, I came not in loftinesse of speach or of wisedom, preach-■ ing to you the testimonie of Christ. ² For I iudged not my felf to know any thing among you but IESVS Chrift, and him crucified. ³ And I was with Act. 18. you in infirmitie, and feare and much trembling: 4 and my fpeach and my preaching was not in the perfuafible words of humane wifedom, but in flewing of fpirit and power; 5 that your faith might not be in the wifedom of men, but in the power of God.

> But we fpeake wifedom among the perfect. ⁶ But the wifedom not of this world, neither of the Princes of this world, that come to naught: 7 but we fpeake the wifedom of God in a mysterie, which is hid, which God did predeftinate before the worlds, vnto our glorie: 8 which none of the Princes of this world did know: for if they had knowen, they would neuer haue crucified the Lord of glorie. ⁹ But as it is written: That which eve hath not feen, nor eare hath heard, neither hath it afcended into the hart of man, what things God hath prepared for them that love him. 10 But to vs God hath reuealed by his Spirit. For the Spirit fearcheth al things, yea the profundities of God. 11 For what man knoweth the things of a man, but the fpirit of a man that is in him? fo the things also that are of God no man knoweth, but the fpirit of God.

> 12 And we have received not the fpirit of this world; but the fpirit that is of God: I that we may know the things that of God are given to vs. 13 Which also we fpeake not in learned words of humane wifedom; but in the doctrine of the Spirit, comparing fpiritual things to the fpiritual. ¹⁴ But the fenfual man perceiveth not

Ef. 64, 4.

those things that are of the Spirit of God. For it is foolishnes to him, and he can not vnderstand; because he is spiritually examined. ¹⁵ But the spiritual man iudgeth al things: and himself is iudged of no man. ¹⁶ For who hath knowen the sense of our Lord that may instruct him? But we have the sense of Christ.

Efa. 40, 14.

Annotations

cogitations naturally: but God giueth to Prophets and other, euen in this world oftentimes, by extraordinary grace to know mens 4. fecrets. As he did to S. Peter, to know the fraud of Ananias 6. and Saphira: and to Elifeus, his feruant's bribery in his abfence, and what was done in the King of Syria his chamber. And he 7. giueth to al Angels and Saints (fo farre as is conuenient to our

giueth to al Angels and Saints (fo farre as is conuenient to our necessities and their heauenly glorie) to vnderstand not only our vocal praiers, but our inward repentance and defires.

11 But the fpirit of man.) One man can not know another's

12 That we may know.) The Protestants that chalenge a particular spirit reuealing to each one his owne predestination, instification, and faluation, would draw this text to that purpose. Which importeth nothing els (as is plaine by the Apostles discourse) but that the Holy Ghost hath given to the Apostles, & by them to other Christian men, to know God's inessable guists bestowed upon the beleeuers in this time of grace: that is, Christes Incarnation, Passion, presence in the Sacrament, & the incomprehensible ioyes of Heauen, which Pagans, Iewes and Heretikes deride.

14 The fenfual man.) The fenfual man is he fpecially, that measureth these heavenly mysteries by natural reason, humane prudence, external fenfe, and worldly affection, as the Iew, Pagane, and Heretike doe: and fometime both here and elfwhere the more infirme and ignorant fort of Christian men be called fenfual or carnal alfo, who being occupied in fecular affaires, and given to fenfual ioy and worldlines, have no fuch fenfe nor feeling of thefe great guifts of God, as the perfecter fort of the faithful haue. Who trying these high points of religion, not by reason and sense, but by grace, faith, and Spirit, be therfore called fpiritual. The fpiritual then is he, that judgeth and differenth the truth of fuch things as the carnal can not attain vnto: that doth by the fpirit of the Church, wherof he is partaker in the vnitie of the fame, not only fee the errours of the carnal, but condemneth them and judgeth euery power refifting God's fpirit and word: the carnal lew, Heathen, or Heretike, having no meanes nor right to judge of the faid fpiritual man. For when the fpiritual is faid to be judged of none, the meaning is not that he should not be fubiect or obedient to his Paftours and fpiritual Powers and to the whole Church, fpecially

How Angels and Saints & mortal men know our cogitations.

The Heretikes allegation for their vaine fecuritie, answered.

The fenfual man.

The fpiritual man.

How the fpiritual man iudgeth al, & is iudged of none.

Act. 5, 4. 4. Reg. 5. & 6.

 $Luc.\ 15,\ 7.$

for the trail or examination of al his life, doctrine, and faith: but that a Catholike man and namely a Teacher of Catholike doctrine in the Church, should not be any whit fubiect to the iudgement of the Heathen or the Heretike, nor care what of ignorance or infidelitie they fay againft him. For fuch carnal men haue no iudgement in fuch things, nor can attaine to the Churches wifedom in any ceremonie, myfterie, or matter which they condemne.

Therfore S. Irenæus excellently declaring that the Church and euery fpiritual child therof, iudgeth and condemneth al falfe Prophets and Heretikes of what fort foeuer, at length concludeth with these notable words: The spiritual shal iudge also al that make schismes, which be cruel, not having the love of God, and respecting their owne private, more then the vnitie of the Church; mangle, devide, and (as much as in them liteth) kil for smal causes the great and glorious body of Christ, speaking peace, and seeking battaile. He shal iudge also them that be out of the truth, that is to say, out of the Church: which Church shal be vnder no man's iudgement for to the Church are al things knowen, in which is perfect faith of the Father, and of al the dispensation of Christ, and sirme knowledge of the Holy Ghost that teacheth al truth.

The Church is vnder no man's iudgement.

Iren. li. 4. c. 62.