## Chapter 8

Immediatly after his Sermon (to confirme his doctrine with a miracle) he cureth a Leper. 5. But aboue him and al other Iewes, he comendeth the faith of the Centurion, who was a Gentil, and foretelleth by that occasion, the vocation of the Gentiles, and reprobation of the Iewes. 14. In Peters house he sheweth great grace. 18. In the way to the sea he speaketh with two, of following him: 23. and vpon the sea commandeth the tempest: 28. and beyond the sea he manifesteth the Deuils malice against man, in an heard of swine.

Mr. 1, 40. Lu. 5, 12. nd when he was come downe from the mountaine, great multitudes folowed him: <sup>2</sup> And behold a Leper came and adored him faying: Lord, if thou wilt, thou canft make me cleane. <sup>3</sup> And IESVS ftretching forth his hand, touched him faying: I wil. Be thou made cleane. And forthwith, his leprofie was made cleane. <sup>4</sup> And IESVS faith to him: See thou tel no body: but go, fhew thyfelf to the <sup>4</sup>Prieft, and offer the <sup>4</sup>guift which Moyfes commanded for a teftimonie to them.

Leu. 14, 2.

Lu. 7, 11.

<sup>5</sup> And when he was entred into Capharnaum, there came to him a Centurion, befeeching him, 6 and faying: Lord my boy lieth at home fick of the palfey, and is fore tormented. <sup>7</sup> And IESVS faith to him: I wil come, and cure him. 8 And the Centurion making answer, faid: Lord, I am not worthie that thou fhouldest enter vnder my roofe: but only fay the word, & my boy fhal be healed. <sup>9</sup> For I also am a man subject to authoritie, having vnder me fouldiars; and I fay to this, goe, and he goeth, and to an other, come, and he cometh; and to my feruant, doe this, and he doth it. <sup>10</sup> And IESVS hearing this, marueled: and faid to them that followed him: Amen I fay to you, I have not found fo great faith in Ifrael. 11 And I fay to you that manie fhal come from the Eaft and West, and shall fit downe with Abraham, and Ifaac, & Iacob in the Kingdom of Heauen: 12 but the children of the Kingdom fhal be caft out into the

exteriour darkeneffe: there shal be weeping and gnashing of teeth. <sup>13</sup> And IESVS faid to the Centurion: Goe, and as thou haft beleeued, be it done to thee. And the boy was healed in the fame houre.

Mr. 1, 19. Lu. 4, 38. <sup>14</sup> And when IESVS was come into Peters house, he faw his wives mother layd, and in a fit of feuer: <sup>15</sup> and he touched her hand, and the feuer left her, and she arose, and ministred to him. <sup>16</sup> And when evening was come, they brought to him manie that had Divels: and he cast out the Spirits with a word: and al that were il at ease he cured: <sup>17</sup> that it might be fulfilled, which was spoken, by Esay the Prophet, saying: He tooke our infirmities, and bare our diseases.

Efa. 53, 4. 1. Pet. 2, 24. Lu. 9, 57. <sup>18</sup> And IESVS feeing great multitudes about him, commanded to goe beyond the water. <sup>19</sup> And a certaine Scribe came, and faid to him: Mafter, I wil folow thee whitherfoeuer thou fhalt goe. <sup>20</sup> And IESVS faith to him: The foxes haue holes, and the foules of the ayre neftes: but the Sonne of man hath not where to lay his head. <sup>21</sup> And an other of his Difciples faid to him: Lord, permit me first to goe and burie my Father. <sup>22</sup> But IESVS faid to him: Folow me, and \*let the dead burie the dead.

Luc. 9, 59.

Mar. 4, 36. Lu. 8, 22. <sup>23</sup> And when he entered into the boat, his Difciples followed him: <sup>24</sup> and loe a great tempeft arose in the sea, so that the boat was couered with waues, but he slept. <sup>25</sup> And they came to him, and raised him, saying: Lord, saue vs, we perish. <sup>26</sup> And he saith to them: Why are you fearful, O ye of litle saith? Then rising vp he commanded the windes, and the sea, and there ensued a great calme. <sup>27</sup> Moreouer the men marueled, saying: What an one is this, for the windes and the sea obey him.

Mr. 5, 1. Luc. 8, 26. <sup>28</sup> And when he was come beyond the water, into the countrey of the Gerafens, there met him two that had Diuels, coming forth out of the fepulcres, exceeding fierce, fo that none could paffe by that way. <sup>29</sup> And behold they cried faying: What is betweene vs & thee IESVS the Sonne of God? art thou come hither to torment vs before the time. <sup>30</sup> And there was not farre from them an heard of many fwine feeding. <sup>31</sup> And the Diuels

befought him faying: If thou caft vs out, fend vs into the heard of fwine. <sup>32</sup> And he faid to them: Goe. But they going forth went into the fwine, and behold the whole heard went with a violence, headlong into the fea: and they dyed in the waters. <sup>33</sup> And the fwine-heardes fled: and comming into the citie, told al, and of them that had been poffeffed of Diuels. <sup>34</sup> And behold the whole citie went out to meete IESVS, and when they faw him, they befought him that he would paffe from their quarters.

## Annotations

4 Prieft) The Priefts of the old law (faith S. Chrifoftom) had authoritie and priuilege only to difcerne who were healed of leprofie, and to denounce the fame to the people: but the Priefts of the new law, haue power to purge in very deed, the filth of the foule. Therfore whofoeuer defpifeth them, is more worthie to be punished, then the rebel Dathan, and his complices. S. Chryfo. li. 3. de Sacerd.

4 Guift) Our Sauiour willeth him to goe, and offer his guift or facrifice, according as Moyfes prescribed in that case, because the other facrifice, being the holieft of al holies, which is his bodie, was not yet begune. So faith S. Aug. li. 2. q. Euang. q. 3. & Con. Aduer. leg. Proph. li. 1. c. 19 20.

8 Not worthie) Orig. ho. 5. in diverf. When thou eateft (faith he) and drinkeft the bodie & blood of our Lord, he entreth vnder thy roofe. Thou also therfore humbling thyself, fay: Lord I am not worthie, &c. So faid S. Chrysoftom in his Maffe, and so doth the Cath. Church vse at this day in every Maffe. See S. Augustine ep. 118. ad Ianu.

14 His wives mother) Of Peter fpecially among the reft, it is evident, that he had a wife, but (as S. Hierom faith) after they were called to be Apoftles, they had no more carnal companie with their wives, as he prought there by the very words of our Sauiour:

He that hath left wife, &c. And fo in the Latin Church hath been alwayes vfed, that maried men may be, and are daily made Priefts, either after the death of the wife, or with her confent, to liue in perpetual continencie. And if the Greeks haue Priefts that doe otherwife, S. Epiphanius a Greek Doctour telleth them, that they doe it againft the ancient Canons; and Paphnutius plainly fignifieth the fame in the first Councel of Nice. But this is most plaine, that there was neuer either in the Greek Church or the Latin, authentical example of any that married after holy Orders.

Priefts mariage.

Lib. 1. adu. Iou. c. 14. Mt. 19, 29. Epiph. ho. 59.

Domine  $n\tilde{o}$  fum dignus.

 $fin\tilde{e}$ .

Liturg. Græc. fub

Sozom. l. 1. c. 22. Socrat. li. 2. c. 8. 22 Let the dead) By this we fee that not only no worldly or carnal refpect, but no other laudable dutie toward our parents, ought to ftay vs from following Chrift, and choofing a life of greater perfection.

26 He commanded) The Church (here fignified by the boate or fhip) and Catholikes, are often toffed with ftormes of perfecution, but Chrift who feemed to fleepe in the meane time, by the Churches prayers awaketh, and maketh a calme.