## Chapter 10

He answere that the tempting Pharifees (and again his Difciples afterward) that the cafe of a man with his wife shal be (as in the first institution) vtterly indiffoluble. 13. He bleffeth children. 17. He sheweth what is to be done to get life euerlafting: 21. what also for a rich man to be perfect; 28. as alfo what passing reward they shal have that doe fo in time of perfecution. 32. He revealeth more to his Difciples, touching his Pafsion: 35. bidding the two ambitious fuiters to think rather of fuffring with him: 41. and teaching vs in the reft of his Difciples, not to be greeued at our Ecclefiaftical Superiours, confidering they are (as he was himfelf) to toile for our faluation. 46. Then going out of Iericho, he give that to a blind man.

Mt. 19, 1.

rifing vp thence, he commeth into the nd coafts of Iewrie beyond Iordan: and the multitudes affemble againe vnto him. And as he was accuftomed, againe he taught them. <sup>2</sup> And the Pharifees comming neere, asked him: Is it lawful for a man to dimiffe his wife? tepting him. <sup>3</sup> But he anfwering, faid to them: What did Moyfes command you? Deu. 24, 1. <sup>4</sup> Who faid: Moyfes •permitted to write a bil of diuorce, and to dimiffe her. <sup>5</sup> To whom IESVS anfwering, faid: For the hardnes of your hart he wrote you this precept. <sup>6</sup> But from the beginning of the creation God Gen. 1, 26. made thẽ male & femal. <sup>7</sup> For this caufe, man shal leaue Gen. 2, 24. his father & mother; and shal cleaue to his wife. <sup>8</sup> And they two shal be in one flesh. Therfore now they are not two, but one flefh. <sup>9</sup> That therfore which God hath ioyned togeather, a)let no man feparate.

<sup>10</sup> And in the houfe againe his Difciples asked him Mt. 19, 9. Mr. 5, 32. of the fame thing. <sup>11</sup> And he faith to them: Whofoeuer Lu. 16, 18. dimiffeth his wife and <sup>•</sup>marieth another, committeth 1. Cor. 7, 11.

The third part of this Ghofpel Chriftes comming into Iewrie toward his Paffion.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The obligation betwixt man and wife is fo great, that during life it can not be broken.

aduoutrie vpon her. <sup>12</sup> And if the wife dimiffe her husband, and mary another, she committeth aduoutrie.

<sup>13</sup> And they offered to him yong children, that he Mt. 19, 13. Lu. 18, 15. might touch them. And the Difciples threatned those that offered them. <sup>14</sup> Whom when IESVS faw, he took it il, and faid to them: Suffer the litle children to come vnto me, and prohibit them not. For the Kingdom of God is for fuch. <sup>15</sup> Amen I fay to you, whofoeuer receaueth not the Kingdom of God as a litle child, shal not enter into it. <sup>16</sup> And embracing them, and <sup>a</sup>)impofing hands vpon them, he bleffed them. <sup>17</sup> And when he was gone forth in the way, a certaine man running forth & kneeling before him asked him, Good Maifter, what shal I doe Mt. 19, 16. Lu. 18, 18. that I may receaue life euerlafting? <sup>18</sup> And IESVS faid to him, why calleft thou me good? None is good but one, God. <sup>19</sup> Thou knoweft the <sup>b</sup> commandements, Com-Exo. 20, 13. mit not aduoutrie, Kil not, Steale not, Beare not falfe witneffe, doe not fraud, Honour thy father and mother. <sup>20</sup> But he anfwering, faid to him: Maifter al thefe things I have obferred from my youth. <sup>21</sup> And IESVS beholding him, loued him, and faid to him: One thing is wanting vnto thee: c)goe, fel whatfoeuer thou haft, and giue to the poore, and thou shalt have treafure in Heauen; and come, folow me. <sup>22</sup> Who being ftroken fad at the word, went away forowful for he had many poffersions. <sup>23</sup> And IESVS looking about, faith to his Difciples: How hardly shal they that have money, enter into the Kingdom of God! <sup>24</sup> And the Difciples were aftonifhed at his wordes. But IESVS againe anfwering, faith to the: Children, how hard is it for them that truft in money, to enter into the Kingdom of God! <sup>25</sup> It is eafier for a camel to paffe through a needels eye, then for  $\bullet$  a rich man to enter into the Kingdom of God. <sup>26</sup> Who manueled more, faying to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Our Sauiour gaue the children his bleffing, impofing his hands vpon them.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Note that the keeping of Gods commandements procureth life euerlafting.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> This is counfel of perfection (not a precept) which the Religious profefsing and keeping voluntarie pouertie, doe folow.

themfelues: And who can be faued? <sup>27</sup> And IESVS beholding them faith: With men it is impoffible; but not with God. For al things are poffible with God. <sup>28</sup> And Peter began to fay vnto him: Behold, we haue left al things, and haue folowed thee. <sup>29</sup> IESVS anfwering, faid: <sup>a)</sup>Amen I fay to you, there is no man which hath left houfe, or brethren, or fifters, or father, or mother, or children, or lands for me and for the Ghofpel, <sup>30</sup> that fhal not receaue <sup>A</sup>an hundred times fo much now in this time; houfes, and brethren, and fifters, and mothers and children, and lands, with perfecutions: and in the world to come life euerlafting. <sup>31</sup> But many that are firft, fhal be laft; and the laft, firft.

<sup>32</sup> And they were in the way going vp to Hierufalem: and IESVS went before them, and they were aftonifhed; *Mt. 20, 17.* and folowing were afraid. And taking againe the Twelue, *Lu. 18, 31.* he began to tel them the things that fhould befal him.
<sup>33</sup> That, behold we goe up to Hierufalem, and the Senne.

Mat. 19, 30.

Luc. 13, 30.

- <sup>33</sup> That, behold we goe vp to Hierufalem, and the Sonne of man fhal be betrayed to the cheefe Priefts, and to the Scribes and Ancients, and they fhal condemne him to death, and shal deliuer him to the Gentils. <sup>34</sup> and they fhal mock him, and fpit on him, and fcourge him, and kil him, and the third day he fhal rife againe.
- Mt. 20, 20. <sup>35</sup> And there came to him Iames and Iohn the fonnes of Zebedee, faying: Maifter, we wil that what things foeuer we fhal aske, thou doe it to vs. <sup>36</sup> But he faid to them: What wil you that I doe to you? <sup>37</sup> And they faid: Grant to vs, that we may fit, one on thy right hãd & the other on thy left hand, in thy glorie. <sup>38</sup> And IESVS faid to them: You wot not what you aske. Can you drinke the cup that I drinke; or be baptized with the Baptifme wherwith I am baptized? <sup>39</sup> But they faid to him, we can. And IESVS faid to them: The cup indeed which I drinke, you fhal drinke; and with the Baptifme wherwith I am baptized. <sup>40</sup> but to fit on my right hand or on my left, is not mine to giue vnto you, but to who it is prepared. <sup>41</sup> And the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Exceeding happie be they that can forfake their temporal things for religion.

ten hearing, began to be difpleafed at Iames and Iohn.

Mt. 20, 25. 42 And IESVS calling them, faith to them: You know Lu. 22, 25. that they which feeme to rule ouer the Gentils, ouerrule them: and their Princes haue power ouer them. 43 But it is not fo in you. But whofoeuer wil be greater, fhal be your minifter; 44 and whofoeuer wil be firft among you, fhal be the feruant of al. 45 For the Sonne of man alfo is not come to be miniftred vnto, but to minifter, and to giue his life a redemption for many.

Mt. 20, 29.

Lu. 13, 35.

<sup>46</sup> And they come to Iericho: and when he departed from Iericho, and his Difciples, and a very great multitude, the fonne of Timæus, Bartimæus the blind man, fate by the way fide begging. <sup>47</sup> Who when he had heard, that it is IESVS of Nazareth, he began to crie, and to fay: IESVS, fonne of Dauid, haue mercie vpon me. <sup>48</sup> And many threatned him, to hold his peace. But he cried much more, Sonne of Dauid, haue mercie vpon me. <sup>49</sup> And IESVS ftanding ftil commanded him to be called. And they cal the blind mã, faying to him: Be of better coffort, arife, he calleth thee. <sup>50</sup> Who cafting of his garment leapt vp, and came to him. <sup>51</sup> And IESVS anfwering, faid to him: What wilt thou that I doe vnto thee? And the blind man faid to him: Rabbôni, that I may fee. <sup>52</sup> And IESVS faid to him: Goe thy wayes, thy faith hath made thee fafe. And forthwith he faw, and folowed him in the way.

## ANNOTATIONS

4 Permitted) Some things are permitted, though not approved or allowed, to avoid greater inconveniences. No man may doe euil for any caufe, but he may permit other mens euil for diverfe caufes: as God himfelf doeth, who can doe no euil. So doth the Prince and Common-wealth permit leffer euils to efchew greater, and fo may the Holy Church much more (as S. Auguftine faith fhe doeth) being placed among much chaffe and much cockle, tolerate many things: and yet whatfoeuer is againft faith & good life, fhe neither approveth, nor diffembleth with filence, not committeth.

11 And marieth another) That which S. Matthew vttered more obfcurely, and is miftaken of fome, as though he meant that for fornication a man might put away his wife and mary another, Toleration & permiffion of euil.

Mariage after diuorce vnlawful.

Aug. ep. 119. c. 19. Luc. 16, 18. is here by this Euangelift (as alfo by S. Luke) put out of doubt, generally auouching, that whofoeuer putteth away his wife and marieth another committeth aduoutrie. Aug. li. 1. de adult. coniuq. c. 11. & fequentibus.

18 None is good) None is entirely, fubftantially, and of himfelf good, but God: though by participation of Gods goodnes, men are truly alfo called good.

25 A rich man) He is here called a rich man that hath his confidence (as here is expreffed) in his treafure, and had rather forfake his faith and duty to God, then lofe them, as al they which live in Schifme or Herefie to faue their goods.

30 An hundred times fo much) Sometime God doth fo bleffe men alfo in worldly benefits that haue forfaken al for him, as S. Greg. S. Auguft. and S. Paulinus doe note: but the principal meaning is, that he wil giue to fuch men in this life aboundance of grace and fpiritual comfort and contentation and ioy of confcience (as they feele which haue experience) the which fpiritual guifts exceed the temporal commodities more then an hundredfold. In fo much that he that hath fully forfaken but fmal things for religion, would not forfake religion to haue al the world. Their reward in this life that forfake ought for Gods fake.

Hiero. in 19. Mat.