Chapter 01

We have to reiovce in perfecution (but if we be patient, and withal abfteine from al mortal finne) 9. confidering how we shal be exalted and crowned for it, when the perfecutour (who enricheth himfelf with our fpoiles) shal fade away. 13. But if any be tempted to fal, or to any other euil, let him not fay, God is the Authour of it, who is the Authour of al good only. 19. Such points of the Cath. faith we must be content to learne without contradiction & anger, and to doe accordingly. 26. Becaufe otherwife we may talke of Religion, but indeed it is no Religion.

ames the feruant of God and of our Lord IESVS Chrift, to the twelue Tribes that are in differion, greeting.

² Efteeme it, my Brethren, al ioy, when you fhal fal Ro. 5, 3. into divers tentations: ³ knowing that the probation of your faith worketh patience. ⁴ And let patience haue a perfect worke: that you may be perfect & entire, failing in nothing. ⁵ But if any of you lacke wifedom, let him aske of God who giueth to al men aboundantly, and vpbraideth not: and it fhal be given him. ⁶ But let him Mt. 21, 22. Mr. 11, 24. •aske in faith nothing doubting. For he that doubteth, is like to a wave of the fea, which is moved & caried about by the wind. ⁷ Therfore let not that man thinke that he fhal receive any thing of our Lord. ⁸ A man double of

mind is inconftant in al his waies.

Pf. 102, 15.

- Eccl. 14, 18.
- *Ef.* 4, 6.
- 1. Pet. 1, 24.

⁹ But let the humble Brother glorie, in his exaltation: ¹⁰ and the rich, in humilitie, becaufe as the floure of graffe fhal he paffe: ¹¹ for the funne rofe with heat, & parched the graffe, and the floure of it fel away, and the beautie of the fhape thereof perifhed: fo the rich man alfo fhal wither in his waies. ¹² Bleffed is the man that Iob. 5, 17. fuffereth tentation: for when he hath been proued, he fhal receive the crowne of life, which God hath promifed to them that love him.

> ¹³ Let no man when he is tempted, fav that he is tempted of God. For •God is not a tepter of euils, and

he tẽpteth no man. ¹⁴ But ^a)euery one is tempted of his owne concupifcence abftracted and allured. ¹⁵ Afterward •concupifcence when it hath conceiued, bringeth forth finne. But •finne when it is confummate, ingendreth death.

¹⁶ Doe not erre therfore, my deareft Brethren. ¹⁷ Euery beft guift, and euery perfect guift, is from aboue, defcending from the Father of lights, with whom is no tranfmutation, nor fhadowing of alteration. ¹⁸ Voluntarily hath he begotten vs by the word of truth, that we may be fome beginning of his creature. ¹⁹ You know, my deareft Brethren, And let euery man be fwift to heare, but flow to fpeake, and flow to anger. ²⁰ For the anger of man worketh not the iuftice of God.

 21 For the which thing cafting away al vncleanneffe and aboundance of malice, in meekneffe receiue the en-

graffed word, which is able to faue your foules. ²² But be Mat. 7, 21. Ro. 2, 13. doers of the word, and not hearers only, deceauing your felues. ²³ For if a man be a hearer of the word, and not a doer, he fhal be compared to a man beholding the countenance of his nativitie in a glaffe. ²⁴ For he confidered himfelf, and went his way, and by and by forgat what an one he was. ²⁵ But he that hath looked in •the law of perfect libertie, and hath remained in it, not made a forgetful hearer, but a doer of the worke; this man fhal be ^b)bleffed in his deed. ²⁶ And if any man thinke himfelf to be religious, not bridling his tongue, but feducing his hart, this man's religion is vaine. 27 • Religion cleane and vnfpotted with God and the Father, is this, to vifit pupilles and widowes in their tribulation: and to keep himfelf vnfpotted from this world.

ANNOTATIONS

Prou. 17, 27.

6 Aske in faith nothing doubting.) The Protestants would prove by this, that no man ought to pray without affurance that he

What faith is required in praier.

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^a The ground of tentation to finne, is our cõcupifcence, and not God.

^b Beatitude or faluation confifteth in wel-working.

shal obtaine that which he asketh. Where the Apoftle meaneth nothing els, but that the asker of lawful things may not either miftruft God's power & hability, or be in diffidence and defpaire of his mercie: but that our doubt be only in our owne vnworthineffe or vndue asking.

13 Let no man fay that he is tempted of God.) We fee by this, that when the Scriptures (as in the *Pater nofter* and other places) feeme to fay, that God doth fometimes tempt vs, or lead vs into tentation; they meane not, that God is any waies the Authour, caufer, or mouer of any man to finne, but only by permiffion, and becaufe by his gratious power he keepeth not the offender from tentations. Therfore the blafphemie of Heretikes, making God the Authour of finne, is intolerable. See *S. Auguft. fer. 9. de diuerf. c. 9.*

13 God is not a tempter of euils.) The Proteftants as much as they may, to diminish the force of the Apoftles conclution againft fuch as attribute euil tentations to God (for other tentations God doth fend to trie mens patience and proue their faith) take and tranflate the word paffiuely, in this fenfe, that God is not tempted by our euils. Where more confonantly to the letter & circumftance of the words before & after, & as agreably to the Greeke, it should be taken actiuely as it is in the Latin, that God is no tempter to euil. For being taken paffiuely, there is no coherence of fenfe to the other words of the Apoftle.

15 Concupifcence when it hath conceived.) Concupifcence (we fee here) of it-felf is not finne, as Heretikes falfely teach: but when by any confent of the mind we doe obey or yeald to it, then is finne ingendred and formed in vs.

15 Sinne confummate ingendreth death.) Here we fee that not al finne nor al confent vnto concupifcence is mortal or damnable, but when it is confummate, that is, when the confent of mans mind fully and perfectly yealdeth to the committing or liking of the acte or motion whereunto concupifcence moueth or inciteth vs.

25 The law of perfect libertie.) The law of the Ghofpel and grace of Chrift, is called the law of libertie, in refpect of the yoke and burden of the old carnal ceremonies, and becaufe Chrift hath by his bloud of the new Teftament deliuered al that obey him, from the feruitude of finne & the Diuel. But not as the Libertines and other Heretikes of this time would haue it, that in the new Teftament euery man may follow his owne liking & confcience, and may choofe whether he wil be vnder the lawes & obedience of Spiritual or Temporal Rulers, or no.

27 Religion cleane.) True religion ftandeth not only in talking of the Scriptures, or only faith, or Chriftes iuftice: but in puritie of life, and good workes, fpecially of charitie and mercie done by the grace of Chrift. This is the Apoftolical doctrine, and farre from the Heretical vanitie of this time. God is not Authour of euil.

Partial & wilful tranflation.

Concupifcence of it-felf no finne.

Not every finne mortal.

What is the law of libertie in the New Teftament.

Good workes a part of mans iuftice.

ἀπείραστός κακῶν