Chapter 4

Ro. 8, 15.

That the Law was fit for the time of nonnage: but being now come to ful age, to defire fuch feruitude is abfurd, fpecially for Gentils. 12. And that he writeth this not of any difpleafure, but to tel them the truth, remembring how passingly they honoured him when he was present, and exhorting them therfore not to harken to the false Apostles in his absence. 21. By the allegorie also of Abraham's two sonnes, shewing, that the children of the Iewes Synagogue shal not inherit, but we who are the children of the free-woman; that is of the Cath. Church of Christ.

nd I fay, as long as the heire is a litle one, he differeth nothing from a feruant, although he be Lord of al, ² but is vnder tutours and gouernours vntil the time limited of the Father: ³ fo we alfo, when we were little ones, were feruing vnder the a) elements of the world. 4 But when the fulnes of time came. God fent his Sonne made of a woman, made vnder the Law: 5 that he might redeem them that were vnder the Law; that we might receive the adoption of fonnes. ⁶ And because you are sonnes, God hath sent the Spirit of his fonne into your harts, crying: Abba, Father. ⁷ Therfore now he is not a feruant, but a fonne. And if a fonne, an heire also by God. 8 But then indeed not knowing God, you ferued them that by nature are not Gods. ⁹ But now when you have known God, or rather are known of God, how turne you again to the weake & poore elements, which you wil ferue againe? 10 You observe daies, and months, and times, and yeares. ¹¹ I feare you, left perhaps I have laboured in vaine among you. 12 Be ye as I, because I also am as you: Brethren, I befeech you, you have hurt me nothing. ¹³ And you know that by infirmitie of the flesh I euangelized to

That is, the rudiments of religion, wherin the carnal Iewes were trained vp: or the corporal creatures, wherin their manifold Sacrifices, Sacraments, & rites did confift.

you heertofore: ¹⁴ and your tentation in my flesh you despised not, neither rejected, but ^{a)}as an Angel of God you receiued me, as Christ IESVS. ¹⁵ Where is then your blessed for I giue you testimonie that if it could be done, you would have plucked out your eyes and have given them to me. ¹⁶ Am I then become your enemie, telling you the truth? ¹⁷ They emulate you not wel: but they would exclude you, that you might emulate the. ¹⁸ But doe you emulate the good in good alwaies: and not only when I am present with you.

¹⁹ My litle children, whom I trauail withal againe, vntil Chrift be formed in you. ²⁰ And I would be with you now and change my voice: because I am confounded

Gen. 16, 15. 21, 2.

in you. ²¹ Tel me, you that wil be vnder the Law, haue you not read the Law? ²² For it is written that Abraham had two fonnes: one of the bond-woman, and one of the free-woman. ²³ But he that of the bond-woman, was borne according to the flesh: and he that of the free-woman, by the promise. ²⁴ Which things are faid by an allegorie. For these are the two Testaments. The one

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(25 for Sina is a mountaine in Arabia, which hath affinitie to that which now is Hierufalem) and ferueth with her children. 26 But that Hierufalem which is aboue, is

from mount Sina, gendring vnto bondage; which is Agar,

Ef. 54, 1. free; which is our mother. ²⁷ For it is written: Reioyce thou barren, that beareft not: breake forth and crie, that trauaileft not: because many are the children of the desolate, more then of her that hath a husband. ²⁸ But

Ro. 9, 8.

we, Brethren, according to Ifaac, are the children of promife. ²⁹ But ^{b)}as then he that was borne according to the flesh, perfecuted him that was after the spirit; so now also. ³⁰ But what faith the Scripture? *Cast out*

the bond-woman and her fonne. For the fonne of the

Gen. 21, 20.

^a So ought al Catholike people receiue their Teachers in religion, with al duetie, loue, and reuerence.

b This mutual perfecution is a figure alfo of the Church iuftly perfecuting Heretikes, and contrariewife of Heretikes (which be the children of the bond woman) vniuftly perfecuting the Catholike Church. Aug. ep. 48.

bond-woman shal not be heire with the fonne of the freewoman. ³¹ Therfore, Brethren, we are not the children of the bond-woman, but of the free: by the *freedom wherwith Chrift hath made vs free.

Annotations

3 Seruing.) There can be no external worship of God nor affociation of men in religion, either true or falfe, without the vfe of corporal things or elements. The Heathen fo vfed the creatures of elements that they ferued them as their Gods. The Iewes, of whom the Apostle here speaketh, ferued not the creatures themselues which they occupied in their ceremonies, but they ferued the only true God vnder the elements: that is to fay, being feruilely clogged, yoked, kept occupied & in awe, eith innumerable fleshly, groffe, & comberfom offices about creatures. The Christians neither ferue elements, as the one, nor be kept in feruile thraldom thereby as the other; but occupie only a few exceeding easie, sweet, seemely, and fignificant, for an agreable exercise both of body and mind. Wherof S. Augustin faith thus, li. 3. c. 9. de doct. Christ. Some few for many, most easie to be done, most honourable for fignification, and most cleane & pure for to be observed and kept, hath our Lord himfelf and the Apostolical discipline delivered. And li. de ver. relig. c. 17. Of the Wifedom of God it-felf man's nature being taken, whereby we were called into libertie, a few Sacraments most holfom were appointed and instituted, which might conteine the focietie of Christian people, that is, of the free multitude vnder one God. And againe, cont. Fauft. li. 19. c. 13. The Sacraments are changed: they are made easier, fewer, holfommer, happier. The fame he hath in the 118. epiftle c. 1. and many other places befides. By which you may fee, it is not al one to vfe elements, vifible Sacraments or ceremonies, and to ferue them as the Pagans doe, or to ferue vnder them as the Iewes did; wherewith the Heretikes calumniously charge the Christians. And as touching the fmal number, facilitie, efficacie, and fignification, wherin the faid holy Father putteth the special difference; who feeth not that for fo many bufie Sacrifices, we have but one: for Sacraments wel-neer infinit, but feuen: al fo easie, so ful of grace, fo fignificant, as can be possible, as of euery one in their feueral places is proued?

Here, let the good Reader take heed of a double deceit vfed by the Aduerfaries about S. Auguftines places alleaged. First, in that they say he made but two Sacraments, which is vntrue. For, although treating of the difference between the Iewish Sacraments and ours, he namely giueth example in Baptisme and the Eucharist (as sometimes also for example he nameth but one) yet he hath External worship of God by vfe of creatures, neceffarie: & how the Heathen, Iewes, & Chriftians differ in the fame.

The vfe of external elemets in the Sacraments.

Our Sacramets few & eafie, in respect of the Iewes.

S. Augustin falfely alleaged of the Heretikes for two Sacraments only.

ep. 118. c. 1. & in Pf. 103. conc. 1.

The other Sacraments proued out of S. Augustin.

Aug. fer. 225. de temp. & de rectis. cath. converf.

tion: which in the fame place he maketh to be a Sacrament as Baptisme is. So doth he affirme of the Sacrament of Orders li. de bapt. c. 1. and also of Matrimonie li. de bono. coniug. c. 14. of Penance likewife he fpeaketh as of Baptisme, which he calleth Reconciliation, li. 1. de adult. coniug. c. 28. Laftly by the booke de visitatione infirmorum in S. Augustin li. 2. c. 4. by Prosper de prædictionibus p. 2. c. 19. S. Innocentius ad Eugubinum to. 1. Conc. ep. ad Eugub. c. 8. S. Cyril, li. 2. in Leuiticum and S. Chryfoftom li. 3. de Sacerdotio, Extreme vnction is proued to be a Sacrament. It is falfe then that the Heretikes affirme of S. Augustin, by whose doctrine it is plaine that though the elements or Sacraments of the new law be but few and very few in comparison of those in the old law, yet there be no fewer then feuen specified by him. Which number of feuen the holy Councels of Florence and Trent doe expressly define to have been instituted by Chrift, against these late Heretikes. See more of these Sacraments in their places, Act. 8. 1. Tim. 4. Io. 20. Ia. 5. Eph. 5. The other forgerie of the Aduerfaries concerning the elements or ceremonies, is, that S. Augustin (ep. 119. c. 19.) should affirme, that the Church and Chriftian people in his daies (whervpon they inferre that it is fo much more now) were fo loaden with observation of vnprofitable ceremonies, that they were in as great feruilitie and fubiection to fuch things as the Iewes. He faith for indeed of fome particular prefumptions, inventions, and viages of certaine perfons; as that fome made it a heinous matter to touch the ground with their bare feet within their own octaues, & fuch like vanities. Wherby fome fimple folkes might be infected, which this holy Doctour specially misliked, & wisheth such things (as they may, without fcandal) to be taken away. But that he wrote or meant fo of any ceremonie that the Church vieth, either appointed by Scripture, or Councel, or cuftom of the Catholike Church, himfelf denieth it in expresse terms in the same place, and in fundrie other: where he alloweth all the holy ceremonies done in the ministration of the Sacraments and els-where. Whereby it is cleare, that the Churches most comely orders and fignificant rites pertain not to the yoke of the old law, much leffe to the fuperfition of Gentilitie, as Heretikes affirme; but to the fweet yoke of Chrift and light burden of his law, to order, & decencie, and inftruction of the faithful, in al libertie, loue, faith, grace, and Spirit.

no word nor figne at all that there should be no moe. But contrariewife in the forefaid *epiftle 118*. he infinuateth, that befides those two, there be other of the same fort in the Scriptures. Yea,

with water and bread, which be the elements of the two forefaid

Sacraments, he expresly nameth oile also (li. 2. cont. lit. Petil. c. 104.) the element or matter of the Sacrament of Confirma-

9 Weake and poore.) Whether he meane of the creatures which the Gentils ferued, (as it my feeme by the words before of feruing ftrange Gods) for the elements were most base and beggerly;

S. Augustin falfely alleaged against the ceremonies of the Church.

or of the Iudaical ceremonies and facraments (as most expound it) even for their elements were weake and poore in themselves, not giving life, faluation, and remission of finnes, nor being instruments or vessels of grace, as the 7. Sacraments of the new law be.

10 You observe daies.) That which S. Paul speaketh against the Idololatrical observation of daies, months, and times, dedicated by the Heathen to their false Gods, and to wicked men or fpirits, as to Iupiter, Mercurie, Ianus, Iuno, Diana, and fuch like, or against the superstitious differences of daies, fatal, fortunate, or difmol, and other observations of times for good luck or il luck in man's actions, gathered either by particular fanfie, or popular observation, or curious & vnlawful arts, or (laftly) of the Iudaical feftiuities that were then ended & abrogated, vnto which notwithftanding certain Chriftia Iewes would have reduced the Galatians against the Apostles doctrine: al that (I fay) doe the Heretikes of our time falfely and deceitfully interpret against the Chriftian holy-daies, & the fanctificatio & necessarie keeping of the fame. Which is not only cotrarie to the Fathers exposition, but against the very Scriptures, and the practice of the Apostles and the whole Church. Aug. cont. Adimant. c. 16. Ep. 118. c. 7. Hiero. in hunc locum. In the Apocalupfe c. 1. there is plaine mention of the Sunday, that is, our Lordes day (Dominicus dies) into which the Iewes Sabboth was altered, their Pafch into our Eafter, their Pentecoft into our Whitfontide: which were ordained & observed of the Apostles themselves. And the antiquitie of the feafts of Chriftes Natiuitie, Epiphanie, & Afcention is fuch, that they can be referred to no other origine but the Apostles inftitution: who (as S. Clement teftifieth li. 8. conft. Apoft. c. 39.) gaue order for celebrating their fellow Apoftles, S. Steuens & other Martyrs daies after their death: and much more no doubt did they giue order for Chriftes feftiuities. According to which, the Church hath kept not only his, but S. Steuens, & the B. Innocents, euen on the fame daies they be now folemnely kept, & his B. Mothers, & other Saints, (as the Aduerfaries themselves confesse) aboue 1300. years, as appeareth in the Barbarous combates between Westphalus the Lutheran, & Caluin, & by the writings betwixt the Puritans & Protestants.

The Heathenish and Iudaical

obferuatio of daies

Heretically com-

Chriftian obferu-

ation of feftiuities and holy-daies,

pared with the

&c.

Sunday, Eafter, Whitfuntide.

The feftiuities of Chrift.

Other holy-dayes of Saints.

Feftiuities of our B. Ladie.

See the Annot. Act. 1. v. 14.

Orig. ho. 3. in diu. Aug. ep. 28.

Fulgent Leo.

& Ser. de Sanftis.

For which purpose, see also how old the holy-day of S. Polycarpe is in Euseb. li. 4. c. 14.: of the Affumption of our Ladie or her dormition in S. Athanasius, S. Augustin, S. Hierom, S. Damasc, and both of that feast and of her Natiuitie in S. Bernard, who professeth he received them of the Church, & that they ought to be most solemely kept. ep. 174. Wherin we can not but wonder at the new Church of England, that (though against the pure Caluinistes wil and doctrine) keep other Saints and Apostles daies of their death, and yet haue abolished this special feast of our Ladies departure, which they might keep, though they beleeued not her Affumption in body (wheref yet S. Denys giveth so great

ep. ad Timoth.

Luc. 1. v. 48.

Conc. Gang. c. 20.

Epiph. Hær. 75.

Aug. de Ciuit. Dei li. 10. c. 16.

Hilar. prolog. in Pfal. explan. Epiph. hær.. 75. & in fine li. 3. cõt. hær. Cypri. de Orat. Do. nu. 15. testimonie) being affured she is departed at the least: except they either hate her, or thinke her worthy of leffe remembrance then any other Saint, herfelf prophecying the contrarie of al Catholike Generations, that they should bleffe her. And indeed the Affumption is her proper day, as also the feast of her Natiuitie: the other of the Purification and the Annunciation, which they keep in England, being not fo peculiar to her, but belonging rather to Chriftes Prefentation in the Temple, and his Conception. To conclude, we may fee in S. Cyprian. ep. 34. Origen ho. 3. in diverf. Tertulian de cor. mil. S. Gregorie Nazianzen de amoure pauperum, the Councel of Ganges, yea and in the Councel of Nyce it-felf giving ordeer for Eafter and the certaine celebrating therof, that Christian Feftiuities be holy, ancient, & to be observed on prescript daies and times, and that this is not Iudaical observation of daies as Aërius taught, for which he was condemned of Herefie, as S. Epiphanius witneffeth. But of holy-daies S. Augustin sheweth both the reason and his liking, in these memorable words. First for the feasts belonging to our Lord, thus: We dedicate and confecrate the memorie of God's benefits with folemnities, feafts, and certaine appointed daies, left by tract of times there might creep in ingrateful and vnkind obliuion. Of the festivities of Martyrs thus: Chriftian people celebrate the memories of Martyrs with religious folemnitie, both to move themselves to imitation of them, and that they may be partakers of their merits, and be holpen with their praiers. Cont. Fauft. li. 20. c. 21. And of al Saints daies, thus: Keep ye and celebrate with fobrietie the Nativities of Saints, that we may imitate them which have gone before vs, and they may reioyce of vs which pray for vs. In Pf. 83. Conc. 2. in fine. And as is faid of prefcript daies of feafts, fo the like is to be faid of fafts, which elfwhere we have shewed to be of the Apoftles ordinance. And fo also of the Ecclefiastical division of the years into Aduent, Septuagefme, &c. the week into fo many Feries, the day into Houres of prayers, as the Prime, Third, the Sixth, the None, &c. Wherof fee S. Cyprian, who deriueth thefe things by the Scriptures from the Apostles also, and counteth these things which the wicked Heretikes reproue, to be ful of mysterie. vnto this also is it, that the holy Scriptures were so disposed of, and deuided, that certaine peeces (as is alwaies observed and practifed vntil this day) should be read at one time, & others at other times and feafons, throughout the years, according to the diuerfitie of our Lordes actions and benefits, or the Saints ftories then recorded. Which the Puritane Caluinifts also condemne of Superfition, defiring to bring in hellish horrour and al diforder. See Conc. Carthag. 3. c. 47. and pag. 259 of this booke.

24 By an allegorie.) Here we learne that the holy Scriptures haue befide the literal fenfe a deeper fpiritual and more principal meaning: which is not only to be taken of the holy words, but of the very facts and Perfons reported: both the fpeaches and the

See S. Grego. li. 7. ep. 29. of Martyrs feafts al the yeare, & Maffes in the fame.

S. Augustines words of Festiuities and holy-daies.

Prefcript faftingdaies.

Canonical houres.

Reading of the Scriptures according to the time of the yeare.

The Scriptures haue an allegorical fense beside the literal. actions being fignificative over and above the letter. Which pregnancie of manifold fenses if S. Paul had not fignified himself in certaine places, the Heretikes had been less wicked and presumptuous in condemning the holy Fathers allegorical expositions almost wholy: who now shew themselves to be mere brutish and carnal men, having no fense nor feeling of the profunditie of the Scriptures which our holy Fathers the Doctours of God's Church saw.

31 Freedom.) He meaneth the libertie and difcharge from the old ceremonies, Sacraments, and the whole bondage of the Law, and from the feruitude of finne, and the Diuel, to fuch as obey him: but not libertie to doe what euery man lift, or to be vnder no obedience of fpiritual or temporal lawes and Gouerners: not a licence neuer to pray, faft, keep holy-day, or work-day, but when and how it feemeth beft to euery man's phantafie. Such a diffolute licentious ftate is farre from the true libertie which Chrift purchafed for vs.

True Chriftiã libertie.