The Argvment of the Apocalypse of S. Iohn.

That which the old Teftament foretold of Chrift himfelf, the Apoftles could report the fulfilling thereof in the new Teftament, by way of an hiftorie, euen from his Conception to his Glorification. But of his Church, they could not doe the like: because in their time it did but begin: being to continue long after them, euen to the end of the world, and then at length to be glorified, as Chrift her Spouse al-readie is. Hereupon God would haue S. Luke to report in the Actes of the Apostles the storie of the Churches beginning, and for the rest of it to the end, (that we might receive this benefit also by the Apostles hands) he would S. Iohn to tel vs of it in this booke by way of a prophecie.

Hier. ad Paulin.

Of which booke S. Hierome faith: The Apocalypse of S. Iohn hath as many facraments or mysteries, as words. Yea more then that, In every word there are hid manifold and fundrie senses. Therfore it is very little that can here be noted, in respect. Yet to give the good Catholike (whose comfort is here) some little help, the booke may be decided into five partes.

Ca. 1. 2. 3.

first (after the Proceme) conteineth seuen The Epiftles from Chrift now in glorie, to feuen Churches of Afia, or (for, thefe he maketh alone) to the feuen Bishops of those Churches: meaning not to those only, but to al his Churches and Bishops through-out the world: faying therfore in euery one of them, to al in general: He that hath an eare, let him heare what the Spirit faith to the Churches. As also in euery one he exhorteth vs to fight manfully (in this fpiritual warfare of ours against finne) for the victorie, and in euery one accordingly promifeth vs a reward in Heauen. But before this, in the beginning of euery one, he partly commendeth, partly reprehendeth, and exhorteth to penance. Where this is much to be noted and feared, that among fo many, he reproueth fome-what in al, faue only in two, which are the fecond & the fixt. In the beginning also of every one, he taketh fome peece out of the apparition going

1. part.

before, to frame thereof his ftyle agreably to the matter of each Epiftle.

Ca. 4. to the 8.

Ca. 8. to

the 12.

After this admonition to Paftours and their flocks, the fecond part followeth, wherein the Church and whole courfe thereof from the beginning to the end, is expreffed in the opening of a booke in God's hand, and the feuen feales thereof, by Chrift. For the which, he feeth praife fung now in Heauen, and earth, not only to the Godhead, as before, but also (after a new manner) to Chrift according to his Manhood. And here, when he is come to the opening of the laft feale, fignifying Domef-day, he letteth that matter alone for a while, and to fpeake more fully yet of the faid course of the Church, he bringeth in another pagent (as it were) of feuen Angels with feuen Trumpets. The effect of both the Seales and Trumpets, is this: That the Church beginning and proceeding, there should be raifed againft it, cruel perfecutions, and peftilent herefies: and at length after al herefies, a certaine most blasphemous Apostasie, being the next preparative to the comming of Antichrift: After al which, Antichrift himfelf in perfon shal appeare in the time of the fixt feale, and fixt trumpet, perfecuting and feducing (for the short time of his reigne) more then al before him. The Church notwithstanding shal ftil continue, and wade through al, because Christ her Spoufe is ftronger then all these aduersaries. Who also ftraight after the favd fixt time, shal in the feuenth come

Ca. 12, 13, 14.

Of the which iudgement, differing yet a while to fpeake at large, he doth first in the third part intreat more fully of the Diuels working by Antichrist and his companie against the Church, that the iustice of Christ afterward in iudging may be more manifest.

in maiestie and judge al.

C. 15. to the 21.

At length therefore in the fourth part he commeth to the feuen last plagues, the seuenth of them conteining the final damnation of the whole multitude, societie or corps of the wicked, from the beginning of the world to the end. Which multitude, in the Ghospel and first Epistle of this same S. Iohn (as also in the other Scriptures commonly) is often called Mundus,

1. Io. 2. Apoc. 17. 3.

2.

the world. And here he calleth it partly, Meretricem, a whore or harlot, because with her concupiscence she entifeth the carnal and earthly men away from God: partly, Ciuitatem Babylon, the Citie of Babylon, because it maketh warre againft Hierufalem the Citie of God, and laboureth to hold God's people captiue in finne, as it was shadowed in Nabuchodonofor and his Babylonians, leading and holding the Iewes with their Hierufalem. in captiuitie, vntil Cyrus (in figure of Chrift) deliuered them. But whether all thefe feuen plagues should be vnderftood (as the feuenth) of Domef-day it-felf, it is hard to define. More like it is, that the first fixe are to goe before Domef-day: but whether corporally and literally, (fo as Moyfes plagued Ægypt) or rather spiritually, it is more hard to define. Yet it feemeth more eafie, to vnderftand them corporally, as also the plagues wherewith Elias and his fellow shal in the time of Antichrift plague the wicked (which peraduanture shal be the fame laft plagues) whereof we read in this booke c. 11. v. 6. But not content to have described thus the damnation of the whole adulterous and bloudy focietie, he doth also exprefly report of their three grad Captaines damnation, which are thefe, Antichrift, and his Falfe-prophet, and the Diuel himfelf the Authour of al this mischiefe.

C. 21. 22.

Finally, on the other fide, in the fifth part he reporteth the vnfpeakeable and euerlafting glorie, that the Church after al this fuffering shal by Chrift her glorious Spoufe be affumpted vnto. And fo concludeth the booke.